Reinartz Set Photo Diagram—See Pages 7, 13

Radio Disest EVERY INSTRUCTION CENTS

Vol. IV

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CHICAGO, ILL., SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1923

No. 1

ACT ON NEW RADIO LAW

MANUFACTURERS TO FIGHT R.C.A. TO END

INDEPENDENTS ALL TO GET UNDER ONE FLAG

Victors Over Radio Corporation Subsidiary Consider Joining in New Battle —Licensees Hold Meeting

(Special to RADIO DIGEST)

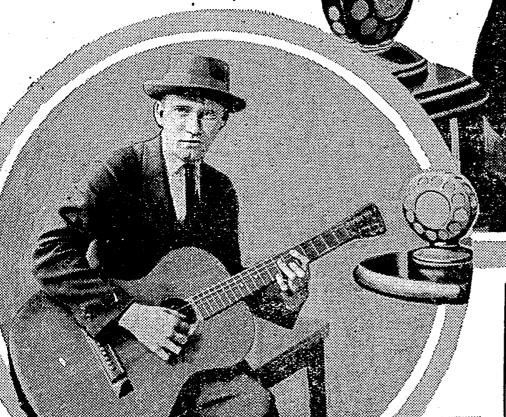
NEW YORK.—Organization of the independent Radio manufacturers for a fight to the finish against the Radio Corporation of America, has proceeded to the stage that many such manufacturers not holding Armstrong licenses are expected to join forces with the group for self defense. The latest group to consider joining in the fight on the side of A. H. Grebe and the Bunnell companies, is the Independent Radio Manufacturers, an organization which recently won a decisive victory over the Wireless Specialty Apparatus Company of Boston, Massachusetts, a subsidiary of the Radio Corporation of America.

It will be remembered by those who followed the last mentioned suit, that the Wireless Specialty Apparatus Company was enjoined by the courts not to practice further advertising of a nature harmful to the characters of the manufacturers of crystal detector receiving sets who were not infringing certain patents said to be owned by the Wireless Specialty Apparatus Company.

Fighting Body Meets

On Thursday, December 28, the Associated Radio Manufacturers, composed of Armstrong patent licensees, had a meeting for the pur(Continued on page 2)





Vaudeville and Radio were first linked up when

Friest Rogers, Radio singing star, was introduced from the stage of Loew's Grand Theater, Atlanta, Ga., to his audience by a Radio message from WSB, "The Voice of the South"

TWO NEW OPERAS GO ON ETHER FROM KYW

"Barber of Seville" and "Samson and Delilah" Heard

CHICAGO.—"The Barber of Seville" January 3 and "Samson and Delilah" on January 5 were the Chicago Opera productions broadcast by Westinghouse Station KYW during the opening week of the new year. Both operas were given for the first time during the season and afforded an unexpected treat for Radiophans.

The cast for "The Barber of Seville"

(Continued on page 2)

COPS USE KOP PLANT TO "COP" CRIMINALS

A. Wheeler, department of agriculture; Alfred H.

(Continued on page 2)

ETROIT.—KOP is the Detroit police department Radio station. KOP is a very good call number—particularly for a police department. The station is used strictly for business purposes, no programs being broadcast. It is brought into use for hunting criminals, locating stolen automobiles and other official police business. It has proven its worth in several recent criminal hunts.

ACT ON NEW RADIO LAW

(Continued from page 1)

Thom, American Railway Association; Mr. Maximum and others all appeared in favor of the bill. Several of them, however, offered minor amendments. It is believed that the bill will have speedy and favorably action by the House of Representatives when reported by the merchant marine committee.

Will Be New Year's Gift Literally, the final passage of the White bill, seeking to re-allocate Radio waves, minimize interference and provide for the adequate regulation of national Radio transmission, will be a New Year's gift to practically every amateur in the country and to every Radiophan. To be sure, its benefits will not be realized at once, but they will last for years to come.

The bills presented in both the Senate and House last June, lay dormant at the Capitol until Secretary Hoover returned from a protracted trip to the West Coast where he was busy with another national project. Immediately upon his return, he took up the question of the desired Radio legislation with Representative W. H. White, Jr., of Maine, the House champion of Radio, with the result that it was announced that hearings would be started before the House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee on Tuesday, Janu-

TO FIGHT R.C.A. TO END

(Continued from page 1)

pose of discussing further organization. Ten licensees were present and all sub-Scribed to support A. H. Grebe in the Radio Corporation of America monopoly suit. The spirit of the meeting was indicative of a high morale, and while it could not be definitely ascertained, it is said that two important legal points, sufficient to block the patent monopoly efforts of the Radio Corporation, were disclosed.

The officials of the organization are: A

H. Grebe of the A. H. Grebe Company, president; Edward Weston of the Radiocraft Company, vice president; Fulton Cutting of Cutting & Washington, treasurer; Francis P. Pace, lawyer, secretary.

De Forest Corrects Rumor Dr. Lee De Forest and Charles Gilbert, nresident of the De Forest Radio Telephone ind Telegraph Company, are righteously ingered at recent misstatements regarding he De Forest patents. In order to have he public understand the truth an inter-riew with the two obtained the following tatement:

Rumors have been circulated throughout Thumors have been circulated throughout first trade and statements have been published that the Radio Corporation of America, or the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, or both, are the owners of the De Forest patents. In the interest of airness and to prevent those unfamiliar managements. with patent matters from being imposed ipon or being misled by misrepresented acts, we wish to advise that the De Forest ompany is, and at all times has been, the owner of the De Forest patents, and any statements to the contrary by anyone are

"The Radio Corporation of American and its associated companies are operating un-ler a license acquired from the DeForest company through the A. T. & T. Company and the Western Electric Company who are licensees under the De Forest patents. This license which the De Forest company granted is open to public inspection, and

is recorded in the U. S. Patent Office.
"Nevertheless, pursuant to its attitude and policy of fairness, it cannot permit a misrepresentation of facts to accomplish what can be accomplished by fair legal methods. The apparatus manufactured and sold by the De Forest company is free from infringement of any existing valid patent of the United States owned by anyone other than the De Forest company, and frees the purchaser of such apparatus from any litigation.'

NEW OPERAS ON AIR

(Continued from page 1)

included the familiar array of former seasons; Mmes. Galli-Curci, Claessens, Messrs. Schipa, Rimini, Lazzari and Trevisan. Cimini conducted.
"Samson and Delilah" was interesting

from the standpoint of debuts, as Louise Homer as Delilah and Charles Marshall as Samson were heard for the first time in these roles with the Chicago Opera. Polacco conducted.

Radio Comes to Rescue of Lonely, Historic Island

SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA. - Radio has come to the rescue of lonely Polynesian Pitcairn Island, which loomed large in fiction and history as the refuge of the mutineers of the British sloop Bounty,

Until now the 200 islanders have been compelled to depend for their news of the outside world upon the occasional visits of ships. Radio equipment has just been installed, however, and will do much to relieve the isolation of the island residents. Some of the young men of the island have been learning the International Morse code.

FLEWELLING PRIZE CONTEST RULES

- 1. Contest is open to all Radiophans, whether or not they are subscribers to Radio Digest, Illustrated. The contest is open now and will close January 27 at midnight. Awards will be announced in the February 24 issue of this publication.
- 2. The object is to locate and award prizes on a competitive basis for the best Flewelling circuit receiving set entered.
- 3. Prizes are: First, \$25.00; Second, \$15.00; Third, \$10.00; Fourth to Eighth (five prizes) inclusive, \$5.00 each.
 - 4. In event of a tie, equal prizes will be awarded both contestants.
 - 5. Judges will be the Technical Staff of Radio Digest, Illustrated.
- 6. To enter the contest send working drawings and diagrams together with an article of from 1,500 to 2,500 words in length describing the making and operation of an actual Flewelling circuit receiving set. The contestant must build this set and test it before entering the contest. The article must tell: (a) how to make the set, (b) how to operate it, (c) helpful suggestions for getting maximum results, (d) actual airline broadcasting station receiving range using only one tube, first employing only an indoor aerial but no ground, second, using a ground but no aerial, and third, if available, using only a loop aerial. Other combinations and notations on the antenna system used will be considered in the award of prizes.
- 7. In sending material for consideration in the contest, exclusive publication rights are automatically given to Radio Digest, Illustrated. All articles published, but not awarded prizes, will be paid for at regular space rates. Unused manuscripts will be returned to contestants.
- 8. In deciding the winners of the contest the judges reserve the right to call for any set entered to be sent in for examination and test. Tubes, A and B batteries and phones will not be required in sets sent in for testing.
- 9. Manuscripts will be judged from the standpoints of neatness, clarity of expression, completeness, and actual tried success of the set described.
- 10. Originality in the use of various parts of apparatus other than shown by Radio Digest in the Flewelling circuit heretofore, is encouraged and even recommended. See Rule 6, however, for method to be used in determining the range.

Seven New 360-Meter Plants

CHICAGO.—Seven new plants managed to get the date 1922 on their 360-meter broadcasting licenses by obtaining their licenses during the last week of December. Station WCAE, Pittsburgh, Pa., was also granted a Class B license, carrying with it the use of a 400-meter wave length. The new plants on 360 meters are:

WRAM, R. E. Compton and Carthage tion with Rai College, Carthage, Ill.; WQAC, E. B. Gish, miles distant.

Amarillo, Tex.; WPAW, Radio Installation Co., Wilmington, Del.; KFCM, Richmond Radio Shop, Richmond, Calif.; WPAX, S—W Radio Co., J. R. Shumate, Jr., Thomasville, Ga.; WPAV, Paul Tinetti & Sons, Laurium, Mich.; KFAZ, C. H. Weatherell, Reedley, Calif.

The Government station at Estevan, Canada, recently established communication with Raratonga, New Zealand, 6,500

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Radio Digest, Illustrated. Volume 4, Number 1, published Chicago, Illinois, January 13, 1923. Published weekly by Radio Digest Publishing Company, 123 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois. Subscription rates, yearly, Five Dollars; Foreign, Six Dollars; single copies, Ten Cents. Entered as second-class matter April 27, 1922, at the postoffice at Chicago, Illinois, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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Looking Ahead

More About Reflex Circuits, is a feature by Harry J. Marx in the next issue, January 20, of Radio Digest. Mr. Marx has uncovered some interesting new data regarding these "trick" circuits, and will show and tell about three more hook-ups for the home experimenter to try out. Making one tube "work overtime" is always an interesting subject. Buy the next issue and learn more about this type of receiving circuit.

B-C Lessons for Radio Beginners, Chapter III, will appear in next issue. The "green" novice should not miss any of these simple explanatory articles by Arthur G. Mohaupt. His next chapter will take up the subject of oscillating circuits and the high frequency currents established in them. As these form the real basis of Radio operation, no novice should miss the next chapter.

Radio Receiving Sets in Photo Diagram, one of the popular original features of the Digest, will illustrate the new Federal Radio frequency receiving set. This will appear in the January 20 issue. Place your order with the newsstand dealer today.

The Effect of Religious Broadcasting, is the subject of an article by Vera Brady Shipman to appear in an early number of the Digest. Will Radio aid in the propagation of Christianity? Does the broadcasting of various denominations' services have a unifying effect? See what this interesting article discloses.

The State, City-Station Index, to the Radiophone Broadcasting Station Directory, together with the third and last part of the station schedules, will appear in the Digest. Imitation is the sincerest form of flattery. This service is original with Radio Digest, and is the best directory of such stations that anyone can

Newsstands Don't Always Have One Left

WHEN YOU WANT

Radio Digest

BE SURE OF YOUR WEEKLY COPY BY SUBSCRIBING NOW

SEND IN THE BLANK TODAY

Publisher, 4-f Radio Digest, Illustrated, 123 West Madison St., Chicago, Illinois.
Please find enclosed check M. O. for Five Dollars (Six, Foreign) for One Year's Subscription to Radio Digest, Illustrated.
Name
Address
City State

NEW YORK'S SHOW DRAWS BIG CROWD

MANY ATTRACTED BY EN-TERTAINMENT FEATURES

David W. Griffith, Wm. J. Burns, Chauncey Depew and E. H. Armstrong Keep Interest Alive

NEW YORK.— Closing with exhibitors leaving late Saturday niight, December 30, the American Radio Exposition at Grand Central Palace here broke all previous records for previous Radio shows. The great crowds, growing every day of the ten days, were literally jammed about the booths and entertainment features on the last night.

One feature which held the interest of all was the standard 500-watt broadcasting station which was located on the main floor. Hundreds of well-known persons were accorded the honor of broadcasting from the show's station.

Show Program Excellent The excellent character of the program arranged for the show undoubtedly caused many persons to attend who might not have done so otherwise. The entertainment was not confined to Radio, but included motion pictures, crime detection and other distinct fields in its scope. On the day following Christmas, Rich-

ard Barthelmess was awarded a photo-play medal for his acting in "Tol'able David." Later during the same evening, David Wark Griffith broadcast from the show's station on the subject, "The Type That Need Apply." His talk described the best type of person adaptable to a motion picture career.

William J. Burns Talks On Wednesday night, December 27, William J. Burns told the crowd attending how Radio was being used in the detection and capture of criminals. On the same evening Julius Tanner, vaude-ville star, and "Uncle Dave" Cory, famed writer of children's stories, contributed

to the show's popularity.
On, the next night Chauncey Depew attempted to break some broadcasting records. A great many years ago when the wired telegraph first reached around the world, Mr. Depew gave an exhibition of fast sending and his message circled the globe in twenty-eight seconds. Then Thomas A. Edison cut two seconds from Mr. Depew's time. When the new mark was recorded Mr. Depew contended he was the best amateur, as the great in-

ventor was a professional.

"The Major" Shows 'Em' How
One of the daily features of the exposition was a demonstration of Radio receiving by Major Edwin H. Armstrong, under the auspices of the Radio Club of America. Special apparatus using 29 vacuum tubes was constructed and used for this purpose and an extraordinary system of amplification was used so that the receiving programs could be heard distinctly and clearly by the crowd.

Armstrong worked at the show in a special glass enclosed room on the mezzanine floor.

Radio Takes Role as Show Booster

Broadcasts Effective in Calling Wide Public Attention to Los Angeles Pageant of Progress

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.-Radio was reof "A Messenger," by the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, when they decided to broadcast information concerning the Pageant of Progress and Industrial Exposition, which they were to present to Southern California and the world.

For several weeks before the opening and during the two weeks of the Exposition which was held a short time ago, Stations KHJ, the Los Angeles Times; KOG, the Evening Herald, and KWH, the Los Angeles Examiner, included Pageant of Progress news, information and programs in the broadcasting of their news

This was the first time that Radio has been brought into play in connection with an exposition of any kind on the Pacific Coast, and in which the information was broadcast by the newspaper stations. The news matter, broadcast from an educational standpoint, proved from late reports to have been more than the success

An experimental twenty kilowatt vacuum tube at Rocky Point, Long Island, transmitting on a wave length of 19,000 meters, recently handled commercial trans-Atlantic Radio traffic with Great Britain and Germany.

Instead of the usual picture or piece of statuary, the graduating class in a Western high school presented to its alma mater an expensive Radio receiving outfit.

START 'HOOK NIGHTS' FOR ENTERTAINERS

BUT NO RADIO CABBAGES FOR THESE AMATEURS

Everyone Gets Chance to Broadcast "Act" from New York Plant for Weekly Prize

NEW YORK.—The Society Radio of Radio Artists and Audiences, established some months ago to effect a closer relationship between the audiences of Station WHN and the artists who entertain them, held the first of a series of amateur nights on Thursday evening, January 4th. This amateur night was comparable in every way with an amateur night which one might see in a vaudeville theater, and it marked the first opportunity that has been afforded to novice, amateur entertainers to broadcast from an eastern station.

Anyone and everyone is eligible to compete for the prizes which are offered at WHN each Thursday evening. There is no entrance fee. All that is required of a would-be prize winner is that he write to the station, telling the nature of his act and the length of time it will take to broadcast it. As the time for amateur broadcasting is limited to one hour and a half, no one person will be allowed more than five minutes, nor will it be possible to admit everyone who asks for a place on the program at any one night. However, letters will be answered in the order in which they are received and each person will be advised when he is to appear at Station WHN to try for a prize.

Listeners-in are the sole judges of the winners, and they cast their votes by tele-phoning to the station at the conclusion of the program or by writing their decisions in a letter so that they will reach the station before Thursday of the following week. The correct address of the station for those who wish to enter the contests or vote for winners is: Ridgewood Radiophone Station WHN, Ridgewood, Long Island, N. Y.

NEW HONDURAS PLANT WORKS NEW ORLEANS

WNU Handles Traffic of Fruit Firm's Tropical Station

NEW ORLEANS, LA.-Another lap toward New Orleans' goal as a Radio center is the opening at Tegucigalpa, Honduras, of the first of a number of Radio stations under the auspices of the United Fruit Company. The formal opening took place December 1, and traffic was handled by WNU, the company's New Orleans sta tion, for several hours.

The Honduras station is among the first to generate the high frequency current by means of a 20-kilowatt triode tube. According to Crawford H. Ellis of the United Fruit Company office at New Orleans, virtually no trouble with static, usually bothersome in the tropics, was experienced between WNU and the new station. Five new stations are being built in the tropics by the concern. At New Orleans the 50-kilowatt transmitter is to be replaced by tube of 20-kilowatts, and greater range is expected.

Two New Tacoma Plants; City Sets Mark for Size

TACOMA, WASH.—Two more new broadcasting stations have brought the number in Tacoma up to five, considered a record for a city of 100,000. KFEJ, the Tacoma Radio News Service station, opened up in December with records, news bulletins and advertising material. The idea is a new one, the station broadcasting the names and lines of various firms who sign with them, advising auditors to call the office of the broadcasting station for

The other new station is BE1, the Third Signal Company station at Camp Lewis, on the outskirts of Tacoma. The army station operates on 400 meters, sending music and lectures five nights a week.

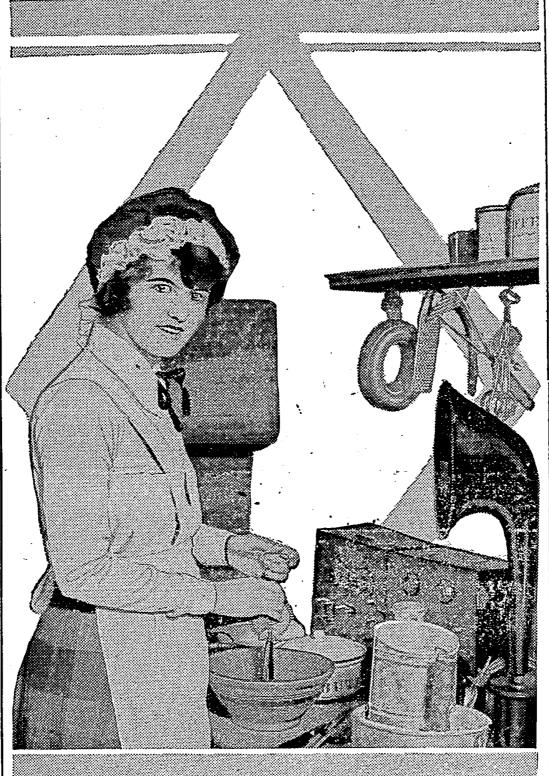
BRITISH LICENSES GO TO NEW HIGH MARK

ASHINGTON.—Between March and November the number of experimental Radio licenses in England, which are granted only to those competent to make useful contribution to Radio research, increased from 8,000 to 18,000. An even greater growth is expected with the recent opening of several broadcasting stations throughout the isle.

MASSACHUSETTS HIGH IN CROSS OCEAN WORK

OSTON, MASS .- Stations in Massa-B chusetts form a large percentage of those heard across the Atlantic in the amateur transatlantic ten day test. Over 52 New England stations were heard. Among the most notable achievements was that of S. S. Heap of Atlantic, Mass., who got his call across with only a 5-watt trans-

LEARNING WHAT TO COOK TODAY



The old problem, "What shall I cook today?" no longer bothers modern housewives who have found a ready solution in the Radiophone. Many recipes and menus are broadcast daily from various large stations over the country by leading chefs and cooking experts. The Mrs. Newlywed believes it a great help.

Radio Helps in Columbus Charity Drive for Kiddies

COLUMBUS, O .- One of the most touching events connected with the annual charity "newsie" drive for the poor kiddies of Columbus, held each year by prominent business and professional men of Columbus, who sell special editions of The

Radio appeal broadcast by Attorney General John G. Price, of Ohio. Mr. Price sought the co-operation of Station WPAL, of the Superior Radio & Telegraph Equipment Company, and was given a place on the weekly program before the charity

The smallest Radio set in the world contained in a ten-grain capsule, was re-Ohio State Journal for charity, was the cently exhibited in New York city.

DAY-LONG SABBATH SERVICES AT KYW

MORNING UNTIL EVENING CHURCH BROADCASTS

"Old Central Church," Spiritual Haven of Strangers, and Sunday Evening Club Co-operate

CHICAGO.—Sunday, December 24, Station KYW introduced its latest broadcasting feature, church services continuing intermittently from 11 A. M. to 9 P. M. This was accomplished by arrangement with the board of directors of the Sunday Evening Club, which gave permission for the installation of a special telephone wire connecting Orchestra Hall with the station. This now makes possible the broadcasting of the Central Church and Sunday Evening Club's services in addition to the regular chapel services conducted by the leading pastors of Chicago churches in KYW's studio at 3:30 p. m.,

Central Church Known to Transients

If there is such a thing as a heart-throb or flash of sentiment in the life of a great city, that spark flashes in Chicago when mention is made of "Old Central Church" which has been the spiritual resting place for years for strangers within the walls of the city. The services of Central Church are conducted by Dr. Frederick F. Shannon. For seven years before coming to Chicago Dr. Shannon was pastor of the Reformed Church of the Heights in

The feature of the Sunday Evening Club's services is the musical program furnished by a choir of 100 voices under the direction of Edgar Nelson, who was decorated by the King of Sweden. sermons are delivered by men of national repute, and the entire order of service has long been popular with Chicago residents.

POEMS BY LONGFELLOW GO ON ETHER AT WOR

Lecturer Honors Poet in Broadcast from Newark Plant

NEWARK, N. J.—Oscar I. Lamberger, Ph. D., author and lecturer, broadcast a most interesting talk from L. Bamberger Station WOR recently, entitled "Longfellow," illustrated by Longfellow's poems.

Dr. Lamberger is a graduate of Leipzig University and was assistant professøf of comparative literature at Leipzig University, 1899-1901. He is well known in Germany and England, chieff for his translations of English and American classics into German.

In conjunction with the late professor, Charles Sprague Smith, of the Peoples Institute, N. Y., and John Collier, he organized "The National Board of Review," an organization which on account of its pow-erful influence has done much towards the making of high grade motion-pictures, educational and otherwise. Dr. Lamberger is now President of the Longfellow Literary Society with headquarters in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Plane, Storm Victim, Calls for Repair Squad by Radio

LONDON, ENG.—How Radio can speed ahead and tell of trouble has been illustrated in a recent incident in the airplane service between France and England. A plane in the London-Paris run was damaged in a storm over the English Channel, the damage making it necessary to stop as soon as land was in sight. The pilot realized this, and phoned the extent of the damage and the repairs believed

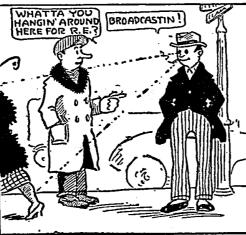
Upon his landing near Calais, he found the mechanics ready to work to replace the damaged parts. Fifteen minutes later, the plane was in condition to continue its trip with its twelve passengers. plane was only ten minutes late in its schedule when it arrived in Paris.

THE ANTENNA BROTHERS

Spir L. and Lew P.

She Heard His Call









REBUILDING OF WBZ STRENGTHENS VOICE

SURMOUNTS ETHER BAR TO ALL NEW ENGLAND

Improved Springfield Station Uses Two Oscillators and Three Modulators of 250 Watts Each

By R. P. King

Many Radiophans have doubtless noticed that the voice of WBZ, the Westinghouse station at Springfield, Mass., considerably louder and clearer than it was last winter. There is a good reason for this improvement. The station was entirely rebuilt during the summer and is now one of the finest in the country.

The original station was opened in September, 1921, and was one of the pioneers in the broadcasting field. Only two or three stations now in operation have a longer period of operation record. WBZ was designed to serve New England only, so that its power was limited. But, though it was found to have a consistent range of about 500 miles south and west under good atmospheric conditions, it did not entirely fulfill its purpose.

All New England Hard to Reach

New England is peculiar from a Radio standpoint, and for some unknown reason there were several areas in this section that WBZ could not reach. The new station, however, has remedied this situation and now can be heard clearly on a detector tube alone all over the northeastern part of the country.

The new transmitting apparatus is of the same type as that used by Stations KDKA, KYW, and WJZ, although somewhat smaller. It has two oscillating tubes and three modulator tubes, each rated at 250 watts. Ten-volt alternating current for the filaments is supplied by a transformer from a 110-volt circuit, and 2000volt direct current for the plates is supplied by a motor-generator set located outside of the station and remotely controlled from the transmitter. The tubes are kept cooled by a fan mounted behind the transmitter.

Antenna on 142-Foot Towers

The transmitting antenna is supported by two structural steel towers, 142 feet These towers are located on the roof of the company's Radio factory so that the height of the antenna above the ground is 200 feet. The antenna is made up of six phosphor-bronze cables spaced five feet apart and is 220 feet long/between insulators. A counterpoise, of simiiar dimensions, is suspended 130 feet below the antenna. Special arrangements have been made to prevent breakage of the antenna and counterpoise by ice, and a heavy current can be circulated through the antenna wires and down leads to prevent accumulations during ice storms. Shirred Monk Cloth Cuts Out Echoes

The studio, which is located on the third floor of the building, is a room of 20 by 23 feet. Heavy carpets on the floor and shirred monk cloth on the walls and ceilings eliminate all echoes. Among the musical instruments used are a Knabe-Ampico reproducing grand piano, a Vic-trola, and a Brunswick talking machine. The condenser type microphone, which

is standard at present, is hung from a movable and adjustable stand. Its output passes through three stages of amplification before it goes to the transmitting room, where three more stages of amplifi-cation are provided. The studio amplifiers are housed in a cabinet padded with felt. A small receiver with a loop aerial is used to check the character of the performances broadcast.

Schedule of Operation

9 P. M. Eastern time. Its regular weekly program includes children's stories, agricultural reports, addresses, and music. On Sunday, chapel services are broadcast at 3 P. M. and church services at 8 P. M. A number of well-known people have addressed the Radio audience from WBZ, including the governor of every New England state, and Dr. Charles R. Steinmetz.

It is stated that more than 2,000 hours of operating time, conservatively estimated to be worth \$150,000, has been saved to navigation interests in the Great Lakes in a single season by Radio advice as to weather conditions.



Carter "TU-WAY" Radio Plug take two head sets and all types cord tip terminals. Price \$1.50. Write for Bulletin on Carter "HOLD-TITE" Jacks and other products. CARTER RADIO COMPANY, 209 South State Street, CHICAGO

THE ONLY KNOB and DIAL

WITHOUT A SET SCREW ASK YOUR DEALER 4 in., \$1.50 3 in., \$1.00

TAIT KNOB & DIAL CO., Inc. 11 East 42nd Street NEW YORK CITY

Growth in Radio Interest Keeps Uncle Sam's "Lab" Staff on Jump

Information Service Installed for Fans, Experimental Investigations Conducted, Radio Relay Perfected, Improvement Made in Various Outfits as Part of Bureau of Standards Work

popular interest in Radio communication, useful when moderate strays or considaccording to Dr. S. W. Stratton, former erable interference exists. By proper chief of the Bureau of Standards. Dr. Stratton continues in part:

"This has been greatly stimulated by the fact that there has become available Radiophone apparatus of satisfactory per-formance, by means of which market and crop reports and other news, music, and entertainments have been transmitted broadcast and received by many persons. This general interest has resulted in a large increase in the bureau's correspondence on Radio subjects. Dozens of letters asking for Radio information are received each day, and many of these are of considerable importance.

Radio Information Service Required

"In order to answer such inquiries, as well as to keep the bureau's staff informed on current developments, it has been necessary to devote much time to the maintenance of a Radio information service. An unusually large number of visitors have called at the Radio laboratory, and in order to avoid continual interruption of the regular work in progress special arrangements have been made for demonstrating the exhibits of most general interest. Members of the bureau have delivered a number of lectures on Radio subjects.

Electron-Tube Generator Research

"Theoretical and experimental investigations were conducted on the power output of electron-tube generators. A paper was prepared for publication on methods of testing and rating electron-tube generators. A special form of electron-tube generator was developed for producing sparks of high frequency for use with recording apparatus for recording the pressure cycle in a gas engine cylinder. Work on Radio and Audio Amplifiers

"Special amplifiers, using both Radio frequency and audio frequency amplification, were developed for particular purposes, including direction finding, Radiophone communication with surfboats of the Coast Guard service and reception of

material sent broadcast by Radiophony.
"A 5-stage amplifier was developed which used 60-cycle alternating current to supply power for the filaments and plates, instead of the usual storage and dry batteries. Both Radio frequency and audiofrequency amplification are used in connection with a crystal detector. This amplifier has aroused considerable interest, and is described in a paper which has been published. A special amplifier was developed for amplifying variations in direct contents or low frequency alternating rect current, or low-frequency alternating currents.

Radio Relay Perfected
"A Radio-operated relay has been developed which employs audio frequency tuning and has been found effective for operating other mechanisms. Such a relay can be used for the remote control of

Master Type **Dealers: New Discounts** Hudson-Ross, 123 W. Madison, Chicago

MAGNAYOX IVI Radio The Reproducer Supreme

IN Radio, there are no substitutes I for the Magnavox electrodynamic principle.

When you purchase Magnavox apparatus you assure yourself the utmost satisfaction.

R-2 Magnavox Radio with 18-inch horn (as illustrated)

Forstore demonstration. large audiences, dance halls, etc. . \$85.00

R-3 Magnavox Radio with 14-inch horn

For homes, offices, amateur stations, etc. \$45.00

At good dealers everywhere

THE MAGNAVOX CO. Oakland, Cal.

New York Office 370 Seventh Ave.

WASHINGTON .- During the past year | mechanisms by Radio. The relay is there has been a remarkable increase in rugged and highly selective, and is very erable interference exists. By proper audio frequency tuning it has made clear tape records of messages when interference was so severe that an experienced operator could not copy the message at all by the use of his phones. It can be used for reception at fairly high speeds. Relays of this type have been constructed for various applications in the Signal Corps and other branches of the Government service.

Equip Surfboat; Communicate Five Miles "At the request of the Coast Guard, Radiophone transmitting and receiving equipment was installed on a 36-foot motor-driven surfboat, and successful communication in both directions was maintained during a demonstration over a distance of about 5 miles from shore.

"The antenna used on the boat was a single-turn coil antenna, of which the hull of the boat formed a part. A special multistage amplifier was constructed for use in this work.
Find Better Alcohol for Arcs

"An investigation was conducted to determine the most satisfactory denaturing formula for alcohol used to supply hydrogen in the arc chamber of small arcs, and several kinds of denatured alcohol were found which gave more satisfactory op-eration than ethyl alcohol, which was used as a comparison standard. Preliminary developments were made on a short-wave arc using electrodes submerged in alcohol. "Improvements were made in a method of locating an airplane in flight transmitting Radio signals. Two trucks equipped with crossed-coil direction finders were used, and results of satisfactory accuracy

were obtained. Other work has been done on direction finding and related problems for the Air Service.

Test Makes of Receiving Sets "A comprehensive investigation has been made on the construction, design, and performance of representative types of Radio receiving sets. Methods of testing

RADIO MAILING LISTS

12.400 Radio Dealers. covering U. S. by states Per M \$ 7.50
1.514 Radio Mfrs., covering U. S. by states. Per list 15.00
1.757 Radio Supply Jobbers, covering U. S. by states,
Per list 15.00
Per list 4.00 260 Radio Stations
Per list
257 Mfrg. who make and assemble complete Radio Set
Per list
Per list 25,000 Radio Amateure & Mfrs. of Radio Stations. Per M 7.50 Ask for price list covering Canada and England. Send remittance with orde.

Trade Circular Addressing Co., 166 W. Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

and standards of performance have been developed for receiving sets, and publications covering various classes of sets are in preparation. Some of this work has been conducted in co-operation with commercial testing laboratories and retail

rade organizations.

"The bureau has co-operated with the National Fire Protection Association in the preparation of a revised rule for Radio installations for the National Electrical

Makes Music on Glasses with Fingers for WEAF

NEW YORK.—One outstanding musical novely of the present season broadcast from Station WEAF, of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, was that of recent date when Charles Wold, famous for his work on musical glasses, gave a special program. For many years Mr. Wold has toured the country with these musical glasses, fifty-two in all. Mr. Wold wets his fingers and by rubbing over the edges of the glasses, which contain no water, the skill of his touch produces music of exquisite sweetness.

Isaak Newlin, an Alaskan Eskimo, in his early twenties, is a Radio operator of marked ability.





"HEN happiness or calamity is about to come, it can be known beforehand." -said Confucius.

Insure complete Radio happiness with a Grebe Receiver.



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Both the manufacturer's and amateur's problem on all fine work is readily solved by the instrument constructed for this

particular purpose.

The Post Soldering Iron Platinum Heating Unit Interchangeable Tip Universal Current



ONE-HALF ACTUAL SIZE Awarded Certificate of Excellency, N. Y. Evening Mail Radio Institute

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LISTS AT \$6.00

HOW THEY DO IT AT WDAP'S PLANT



"Three o'Clock in the Morning? You've been on fifteen minutes and we've had twenty requests." And the jocular voice which the "Drake Radio Family" knows so well announces

"By special request the Campus Nomads

I visited the Drake broadcasting Station WDAP Sunday evening. The broadcasting room is not so privately enclosed as many, and the chance guest can get a wonderful idea of how they do it at WDAP. ("We do Atlantic Pacific," as the announcer adds.)

Microphone Resembles Doughnut

The room is heavily hung with draperies on three sides with the fourth side open. Before a microphone which looks like a large black doughnut with smaller doughnuts around the outer edge, the orchestra plays, the soloist sings and the speaker talks to the great unseen, as though the audience were hidden in that doughnut.

A red electric light bulb flashes on when the microphone is open, when the operator in the adjoining room opens the switch which opens the air to the broadcasters. Intense silence drops at the moment the light flashes on. The orchestra if not ready, quickly assembles itself, and instantly the opening chords are sounded. When the number is finished, silence until resumes until the next red flash.

Glimpse at Musicians

The Sunday night program I heard was given by the Campus Nomads, a group of five Northwestern University students who are jazzing their way to knowledge, and the Drake Hotel Orchestral Ensemble of five soloists under the direction of Henry Sellinger. Also pianologues by Jean King Leighton with Anne Mortensen Herre at the piano, were sent forth over the air in Miss Leighton's regular fashion of interesting dialect.

Two grand planes in the broadcasting room are used for every kind of musical entertainment, all of which are under the personal direction of Mrs. Saida Bal-

The Drake station, which unlike others in Chicago, is privately owned, began its existence atop the Wrigley building a year or so ago and is owned by two Chicago men, Thorne Donnelley and J. Elliott Jenkins.

Goes to Transmitter Room

By the courtesy of the announcer-operator (oh, how he hated to let a woman in, and I can't blame him), Ralph Shukart, otherwise called "The Sheik of the Drake." I was allowed to go silently into the operating room. Here the operator broadcasts his announcements through the same kind distance wire telephone interference stations.

Here the operator listens in on the musical program and times his announcements accordingly. The second operator, M. L. Green, courteously gave me some of the data needed for this story.

Fine Feeling Pervades Plant

I meant to stay just a short time, but I found upon leaving that I had been there nearly two hours. The time flew and the informality, the courtesy from the owner on down to each assisting operator, and the comradeship which exists throughout this station strengthened the feeling that the listener in always obtains of the "Drake family."

As I left the top floor of the Drake, the boys at the telephone were still answering-

"Oh, yes, Madam, they have played "Three o'Clock' and I am sure they will play it again before the evening is over, Yes, Madam, glad you called."

Close Large Business Deal by Air; 'Bugs' Aid

COLUMBUS, O .- Except for the customary written confirmation and acceptance, a business deal involving several hundred dollars brought to a successful close by Radio recently by the Columbus State Company, it has been announced by H. W. Webb, secretary and treasurer of the company. Amateur operators were the exclusive "agents" in this matter.

Frank Hahne, tin and sheet iron worker of Savannah, Georgia, is an old customer of the Columbus Slate company and also is a code Radio enthusiast. On Thanksgiving morning, he sat down to his transmitting set and sent a message to the Columbus firm. It was picked up by an amateur in Cincinnati, who in turn relayed it. R. C. Bohannan, with the Erner & Hopkins company, Station WBAV, received the message at his home and called Mr. Webb on the telephone. Mr. Webb at once quoted by telegraph the price on sea green slate, according to the amount wanted. The next day, Hahne sent the written confirmation and also a Radio confirmation. A return telegram acknowledged the order and the deal was closed.

This is believed to be the first time in

of a "doughnut" microphone, which the Radio history of Ohio that business catches every room sound as well as long- has been negotiated through amateur Radio

Device Photographs Voice on Film Reproducing Message for Broadcast

Flickers of Tiny Mirror Record Speech on Pallophotophone Film-Developed Strip Gives Natural Tones—Weeks', Denby's and Coolidge's Speeches Reach All Corners of U. S. at Once by Means of Instrument

By B. S. Beach

Christmas greetings and messages to the people of the United States from Vice President Coolidge, Secretary of War Weeks and from Secretary of Navy Denby were broadcast on Christmas eve from Station WGY, the General Electric trans-mitter at Schenectady, N. Y., without their being present, or speaking, in fact. This was the first time that three leading executives of the country ever attempted to extend their greetings in a way that reached the four corners of the country simultaneously. The feat was made pos-sible by use of the Pallophotophone, a new device for photographing the voice and later reproducing it with perfect clear-

The machine was set up in a hotel in Washington ten days before. The vice president and the war and navy secre-

How It Was Done

taries spoke into a small recording horn. As they did, their voices caused a small diaphragm to vibrate to which is attached a tiny mirror, scarcely smaller than the head of a pin. This oscillation or flickering of the mirror reflected a beam of light upon a moving photographic film, thus recording the human voice accurately with the overtones, the delicate shadings of speech, and all other characteristics which make one voice sound different from another.

Develop Film, Reproduce Messages The film was then taken to Schenectady and was broadcast twice on Christmas eve from the WGY studio, the first time at 7:30 o'clock Eastern time, during the

regular Christmas program and then again at 10:30 o'clock for Radiophans in the western states.

In reproducing, the film is passed before a strong ray of light and the zigzag markings photographed on it by the sound waves create electric waves which pass through an arrangement of vacuum shell shoot tubes and produce sound waves again overseas.

which are sent directly into the Radio broadcasting apparatus without the use of a microphone or any sort of a pickup device ordinarily used.

Value of Device

The feat of recording the speech of a person in a distant city is believed to have introduced an entirely new element in Radio broadcasting—the possibility of making a master record and then broadcasting it days or weeks later from any Radio station in the country.

The reality of the characteristics of the reproduced and broadcast voices was evinced by thousands of complimentary letters received by WGY from fans who praised the feat. The following is to WGY from W. C. Crews, who listened in on a miles away from Schnectady, N. Y.:

"Calvin Coolidge, Weeks and Denby came in just grand, almost as though they

were in the next room—sounded as though it was the real thing. Had you not said something about Photophone I never would have known the difference. To me

it seemed marvelous.
"I am sure thousands of fans throughout the country would be interested in knowing the outcome of the experiment, as it related to Europe as well as knowing something in detail about the Photophone, and it is suggested that when results are definitely known that they be given to RADIO DIGEST for a story.

Give Set to Wounded Vets

SPRINGFIELD, O.—Mrs. Albert A. Wright, of this city, is the chairman of a committee of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Springfield American Legion, which on Christmas Day presented a complete Radio receiving set to the wounded world war veterans of Ward 27 at the National Soldiers' Home in Dayton. The men in the ward are those suffering from tuberculosis, shell shock and wounds received in service

SERVICE OF BRITISH RANKS BELOW U. S.

ENGLAND TRIES NEW PLAN IN LICENSING

Canadian Radio Official Declares American Standards Are Models in Britain

OTTAWA, CAN .-- Lieut. Com. C. P. Edwards, director of Radio in the department of marine at Ottawa, Ontario, has just arrived back from a visit to Great Britain, where he went as technical advisor to the Hon. Ernest Lapointe, minister of marine, in connection with the imperial Radio scheme.

Interviewed by a representative of RADIO DIGEST, Commander Edwards declined to make any statement about the imperial Radio project until Mr. Lapointe returns. The matter was still under discussion when Mr. Edwards left and consequently he has no knowledge of the decision finally reached.

Consents to Cross-Examinatoin

He consented, however, to undergo a cross-examination at the hands of RADIO DIGEST on the subject of Radio development in Great Britain.

"What actual progress," he was asked "is broadcasting making in the British Isles?"

"The first broadcasting station was opened while I was there," replied Commander Edwards. "An entirely different scheme from ours and that in the United States is being followed. In Britain the principle of granting licenses to different people has been rejected. Licenses are granted to a specially established broadcasting company which is authorized to establish stations in each territorial area until the whole of the British Isles is covered. Seven or eight stations are contemplated, London, Birmingham and Manchester being among the centers chosen for the location.

Britain Not Up on Quality

"In the matter of quality of transmission and also in the matter of programs the British stations have not yet achieved the high standards attained by the firstclass stations in the United States. They would appear to be about where your stations were twelve months ago, but there is little doubt that when they enjoy the same experience in broadcasting as the stations in America and Canada they will approximate to the same standards."

Hold American Standards as Models "Is public interest in Radio keen?" he was asked.

"Decidedly so, and it is growing by leaps and bounds every day. The Prince of Wales, for instance, has already spoken via the London station several times.

"What reputation does the stations in the United States enjoy in Great Britain?" asked the RADIO DIGEST representative. "I was surprised and delighted to find

the reputation for reliability and accuracy held by the American direction finding stations stood very high. In fact, they are regarded more or less as models whose standards should be emulated as far as

Official Books Give Data on Simple Sets

Uncle Sam's Circulars Describe Crystal and Electron Outfits

WASHINGTON .- To meet the great popular interest in the use of Radio receiving apparatus, the Bureau of Standards is publishing a series of circulars descriptwo of this series are Bureau of Standards Circulars 120 and 121. These two circulars describe the receiving sets which use crystal detectors.

The third paper of this series is Bureau of Standards Circular 133. This circular is a description of an electron tube detector and gives instructions for its operation. A receiving set employing an electron tube detector is more sensitive than a set employing a crystal detector and may be expected to give more satisfactory results. The tuning devices, antenna, lightning switch, ground connection, and telephone receivers with which this electron tube detector is used may be those previously described in Circu-

lars 120 and 121. This paper describes in detail the various parts which constitute the electron tube detector unit and gives illustrations showing the arrangement of these parts in the complete assembled unit. Detailed

instructions for operating this set are also given.

WGI Studio Gets Organ MEDFORD HILLSIDE, MASS .-- A motor-driven reed organ has been installed in the Station WGI studio in a specially prepared room, and regular organ recitals by the best organists in the country will be given frequently. The organ was especially built for the Amrad station, and consists of two manuals, foot pedals and eighteen stops.

Book Reviews

Home Radio—How to Make It. By A. Hyatt Verrill. This book is particularly adapted for the amateur that desires to know how to make Radiophones. Twelve full page illustrations and diagrams. Price, 75c.

Radio Experimenter's Hand Book. By M. B. Sleeper. This book will help in the selection and the construction of simple apparatus for transmission and reception of Radio telegraph and telephone signals.

Price, \$1.00. Elements of Radio Telephony. By William C. Ballard, Jr., M. E. A reliable, authoritative discussion, in simple form, of the essential principles of Radio telephony and their application. The use of mathematics has been almost entirely avoided. Price. \$1.50.

Radio for the Amateur. By A. H. Packer and R. R. Haugh. The underlying principles of Radio thoroughly explained in simple language and understandable illustrations. This book will teach you how to construct and operate a receiving set successfully. Price, \$1.50.

The Radio Amateur's Handbook. By A.

Frederick Collins. A new revised edition of this book is just out. It is complete, authentic, and informative work on Radio. Fully illustrated. Price, \$1.50.

Radio Receivers for Beginners. By Snodgrass and Camp. Answers the universal question, "How can I receive Radio?" Price, \$1.00.

Radio First Aid. Illustrated with working drawings and complete data as to the necessary equipment and cost of constructing from the simplest to the most

modern Radio outfits at home. Price, \$1.

How to Retail Radio. A new book telling of tested plans and methods and policies for the dealer in Radio. Financing, location, store equipment and arrangement. Price, \$2.00.

Radio Reception. By Harry J. Marx, Technical Editor Radio Digest Illustrated, and Adrian Van Huffling. A simple treatise on Radio reception. Beginning with the elementary principles of electricity, it carries the reader on into the essentials of Radio telephony. The most successful methods of Radio reception are explained and special reference given to practical tuning. 230 pages, with 130 illustrations. Price, \$2.00.

The book department of the Radio Di-

gest is prepared to send you any of the books on Radio published, whether listed in our Book Review or not. Let us know what book you want, send us your check and we will see that the book is mailed to Postage stamps in payment for you. books not accepted. Send money order or check. Book Department, Radio Digest Illustrated, 123 W. Madison St., Chicago,

"SANTA" NOTES IN AIR BRING CHEER TO KIDS

Goodfellows, Hearing Youngsters' Letters, Lend Hànd

MEDFORD HILLSIDE, MASS. - Tangible evidence that the Santa Claus letters read over the Radiophone from Station WGI made a hit, not only with old Santa but with other Radiophans who listened in, is shown in several cases that came to the attention of the Amrad Station management. One letter from four little children of Italian parentage to Santa, sent to WGI and broadcast, asked Santa for a "good reading book and some games, with a choo-choo train for little brother and a sleeping Mama doll for little sister, because there would be no Christmas at their house, since papa had had to spend

Within five minutes after this letter was broadcast, a representative of the Somerville, Mass., lodge of Elks telephoned for confirmation of the name and address so that they might help the unlucky youngsters with a Christmas dinner. A second telephone message came from a Cambridge business man who wanted to see that Santa brought them a basket of toys and playthings. Over 1,000 letters to Santa Claus were received by WGI and broadcast.

Fraternities Have "Nights"

MEDFORD, MASS .- The first of a series of fraternity and club nights was held at Station WGI recently, when the Boston Masonic Club had a night, with a special program under the direction of Pres. W. L. Terhune of the club.

A card was recently received at Schenectady, N. Y., from Mauli, Hawaii, saying that signals from WGY had been clear.

'ALL-AMERICAN'' Amplifying Transformers

Two years of successful use all over the world guarantees permanent satisfaction. Radio and Audio Frequency.
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RAULAND MANUFACTURING CO.

35 South Dearborn Street

RECEIVING RECORDS? SEND 'EM IN-

In the last issue of RADIO DIGEST the complete, verified list of receiving records to date was published. During the week, the following new and superseding records were made. In order to inform new readers, the rules of the contest can be found in the last issue. The complete list of records, revised and with rules, will appear in the February 10 issue.

Station—Miles Away—Holder and

Station—Miles Away—Holder and Location

CFAC—1650, R. A. Deger, Dayton, O. CFCN—1650, H. R. Wunder, Cheviot, O. CJCG—1375, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex. CKCK—1450, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex. KDYW—1025, C. B. Martin, Springfield, S. D.

S. D. KDZF—1850, C. H. Nolder, Cincinnati, O. KFAP—1950, A. M. Tobias, East Orange,

KFBD-1375, W. M. K. Young, Kansas KFBD—1375, W. M. I. Ioung, American City, Mo.
KFCF—1300, R. Talbott, Grinnell, Ia.
KFCK—1100, R. A. Deger, Cheviot, O.
KFDB—2025, H. R. Wunder, Cheviot, O.
KFDF—1150, H. R. Wunder, Cheviot, O.
KFV—1125, C. B. Martin, Springfield, S. D.
KJJ—1325, C. B. Martin, Springfield, S. D.
KJR—1500, W. M. K. Young, Kansas City,

Mo.
KNI—2075, R. A. Deger, Dayton, O.
KNN—1900, F. Brinnon, Urbana, O.
KOP—1175, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex.
KPO—1400, L. Snider, Sioux Falls, S. D.
KSD—1700, N. E. Parr, Albany, Ore.
NOF—1100, C. B. Martin, Springfield, S. D.
WCAH—1075, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex.
WCAY—1050, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex.
WCN—1200, W. M. K. Young, Kansas
City, Mo.

City, Mo. VDAJ—2175, G. L. Harms, Portland, Ore. VDAR—1175, C. B. Martin, Springfield,

S. D.
WEAF—2450, N. E. Parr, Albany, Ore.
WFO—1000, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex.
WGAY—1000, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex.
WGR—2175, N. E. Parr, Albany, Ore.
WIAO—1050, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex.
WJAD—1625, G. F. Cory, New Bedford, Mass.

WJAP-1200, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex. WJAZ-1200, C. B. Martin, Springfield, S. D. WMAT—1500,N. E. Parr, Albany, Ore. WOAA—1525, G. F. Cory, New Bedford,

Mass.
WOAC—1050, D. J. Morris, Weir, Tex.
WRL—1100, W. M. K. Young, Kansas City,
Mo.

\$866,000 TO REPAIR *NAVY RADIO PLANTS*

Congress Hears Heating and Lighting of Station Costs \$956,000 in Year

WASHINGTON .- Some very interesting facts regarding naval Radio activities have been brought out during recent hearings on the naval appropriation bill by Congress. The statement was made durling the hearings that \$866,300 was spent during the past year for repairs to worn out parts of Radio stations and that \$956,-000 was spent for heating, light and power in naval Radio stations. There are at present 100 naval Radio stations operating, which is a reduction from last year of 37, of which number 62 are Radio compass stations.

Answering a question by one of the congressmen, the expert who was on the stand stated that in 1922 the Navy Department has spent \$2,510,421 on Radio apparatus, while it is asking for \$1,823,255 for next year. The maintenance costs have been reduced, it is said, and they are now lower than they have been for many years. During the course of the hearings, the statement was made that the Navy Department is allowing commercial concerns to take over such stations as the Navy does not need.

In response to a question as to the amount spent in 1922, the expert said that it was roughly \$3,000,000, but the Navy Department desires to cut this considerably and the request for the appropriation was reduced to approximately \$150,-000 per month for 1923. With ship work it is running about \$250,000 a month gross for all Radio work. It was said that there has been a great increase in noncommercial traffic.

In Canada the Royal Canadian horse artillery has met with great success in its maneuvers by directing artillery fire from an airplane by means of Radio communications.

IMPROVED REINARTZ CIRCUIT

My highly improved circuit brings in all important stations on both coasts and the Mexican border without any distortion or other noises.

We dance to music from Atlanta received on one loud Baldwin unit.

Build one of these supersensitive sets from my blueprints and specifications. Price 50c or with a perfect and complete double wound spiderweb coil \$3.00 by mail. No other windings used.

Photo of my set on a glass panel with every order. Everything clearly shown. Cheap and easy to build. Easy to operate.

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OUR ADVICE MAY HELP YOU

Give full particulars, make of instrument, local conditions, type and length of aerial. No circular letter proposition. Each case is individual.

Enclose 25c and addressed stamped envelope to

Radio Information Bureau 627 First Avenue North, MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

"SPARK PLUG" HITS ON ALL CYLINDERS

CHARITY DOLLARS ROLL IN AS FANS CHUCKLE

KFC Announcer with Novel Scheme and Bits of Comedy Swells Fund for Poor

By A. M. Ottenheimer

SEATTLE. WASH .- A new phase of Radio broadcasting presents itself almost every day, but one of the latest to come to light is of a nature entirely different from any previously revealed.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer, operazi tors of KFC, a 100-watt station, during the Christmas season every year conducts a campaign for funds for the needy of Seattle. This year, however, Radio, through KFC, was put in use and when the drive was finished, the Seattle station had the assistance of a station in San Francisco, one in Calgary and another in Denver.

The announcer at KFC, who has dubbed himself "Spark Plug," devised a system whereby the dollars literally rolled into the fund. He explained that for \$5, which was to be turned into the fund, KFC would play any record requested. Each request was acknowledged and the announcer, a man with a keen sense of humor, had fans for hundreds of miles around rocking in laugher at his remarks. A small triangle, which he tinkled upon the receipt of each call, he explained as the clank of the cash register. His remarks were novel and the affair created much comment.

Prisco Plant Joins in Scheme

The campaign began early in December and on December 8 the operators at KFDB, the Mercantile Trust Company station on Telegraph Hill, San Francisco, heard "Spark Plug" explain his plan. The plan was simple: upon the promise of \$5 from any auditor, KFC was playing any record requested. The operator at KFC was struck with the idea that he might find some customers in San Francisco. So he called KFDB and offered to play any record for Californians-with the same \$5 poor fund proviso.

The idea took instantly. Customers began to come. Then a new phase was added. A Seattle fan would call for a-record. KFC would transmit the call to KFDB, and the latter would play the record. The strength of the San Francisco station made it possible for Seattle contributors to the fund actually to dance to San Francisco music.

CFCN and KFAF Recruited

CFCN, the W. W. Grant Radio, Ltd., station in Calgary, Alberta, Canada, then joined in and the \$5 contributions from Canadian listeners were obtained in the same manner. KFAF, the Western Radio Corporation outfit in Denver, Colo., also took part in the performance for one night.

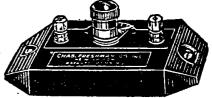
KFC made an appeal to President Harding to contribute \$10 to the fund. KFDB picked it up and relayed it on. Other stations across the continent relayed it to Washington, D. C., stations. KFDB also broadcasted a call for contributions to every governor in the United States, asking other stations to relay the message on to its proper destination.

The triangular conversations between Seattle, Calgary and San Francisco were carried on late at night, the San Francisco station operating under its experimental license call of 6XB, but hundreds of Radiophans stayed up late at night just for that purpose. Several hundreds of dollars were "Radioly" raised for the

For the first time in history, airplane races have been reported by Radio.

FRESHMAN

Variable Grid Leak and Micon Condenser Combined



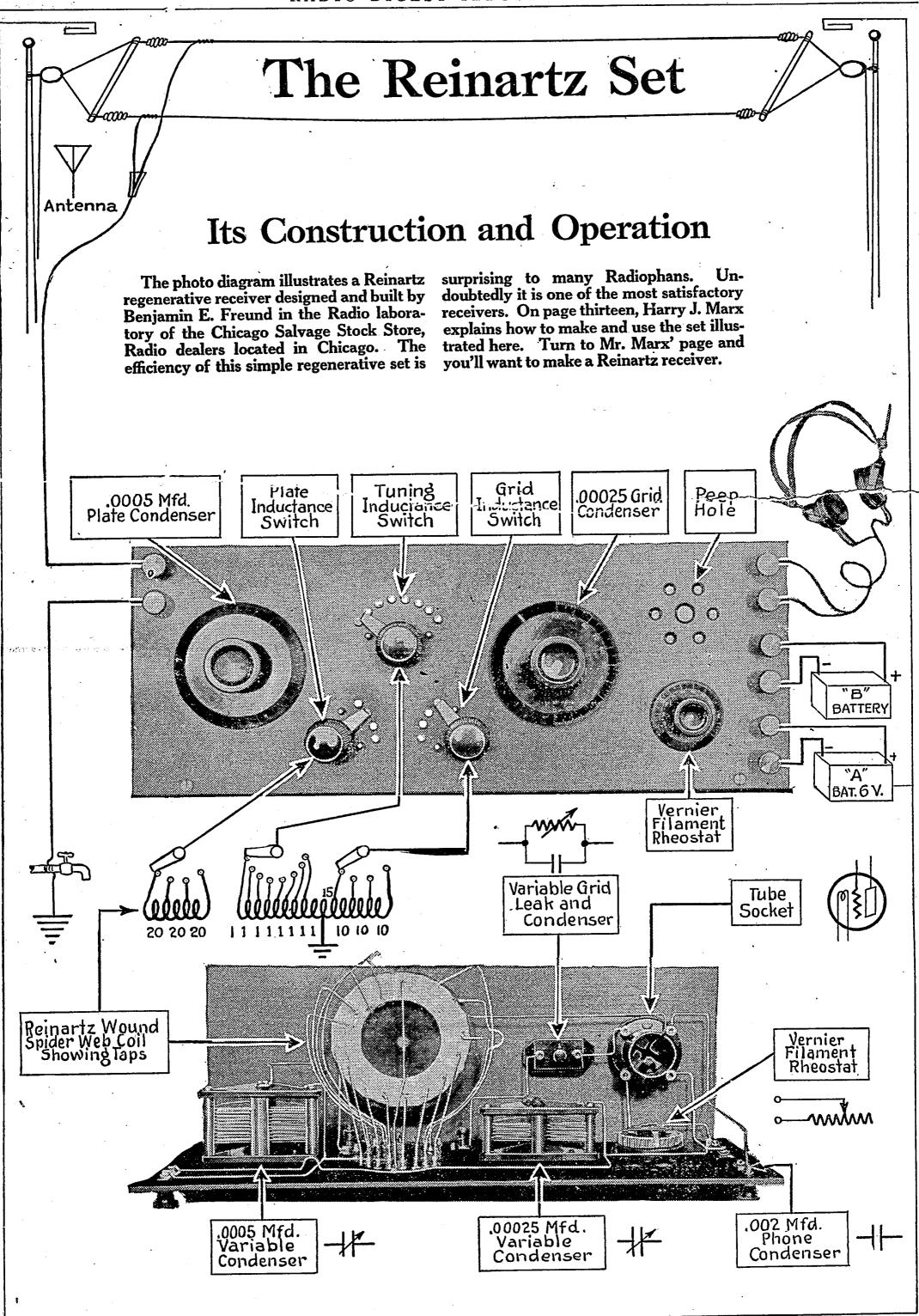
Clarifies Signals, Lowers Filament Current, Increases Battery Life, Eliminates Hissing.

Unbroken range—zero to 5 Megohms; all intermediate points. Fixed capacity, .00025 M. F.

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Radiophone Broadcasting Stations

Corrected Every Week-Part II

(NOTE.—The second part of the schedule list appears below. The first appeared last week and the last part, together with the city-station index will appear next week.) WAAX, Crafton, Pa. Radio Service Corp.

WAAY, Youngstown, O. 500 mi. Yohrling Rayner Music Co. Daily ex Sun, 5:30 pm, reports; 8:15-9 pm, music. Eastern.

WAAZ, Emporia, Kans. 250 mi. Hollister-Miller Motor Co. Daily ex Sun, 7-8 pm, weather, entertainment. Central.

ment. Central.

WAH, Eldorado, Kans. 485 only. The Midland Refining Co. Daily ex Sat, 10:30 am, 1:30 pm, markets, weather. Sat. 1 pm, some. Central.

WAJT, Marshall. Mo. Kelly-Vawter Jewelry Co.

WAJU, Yankton, S. D. Yankton College.

WBAA, W. Lafayette, Ind. 50 ml. Purdue University. Fri, 7:15-7:30 pm, educational lecture. Central.

WBAB, Syracuse, N. Y. 1,000 ml. Syracuse Radio Tel. Co. Mon, Wed, Sat, 7:30-9:30 pm, concert, agriograms etc. Eastern.

WBAD, Minneapolis, Minn. Sterling Elec. Co.

WBAF, Moorestown, N. J. Fred M. Middleton.

WBAG, Bridgeport, Pa. 485 also. 300 ml. Diamond St. Fibro Co. Daily, 11:45-12 m, markets, weather. Eastern.

WBAG, Bridgeport, Pa, 485 also, 300 ml. Diamond St. Fibro Co. Daily, 11:45-12 m, markets, weather. Eastern.

WBAH, Minneapolis, Minn. 200 ml. The Dayton Co. Daily ex Sun, 1-1:30 pm, 3-3:30, 5-5:30, 9:30-10. Sat, 11-11:30 am. Wed, 8-10 pm. Central.

WBAJ, Toledo, O. 300 ml. Marshall-Gerken Co. Daily ex Sun, 12:05-2 pm, 6-7:30, news, music, reports. Tues, Thur, Sat, 8-9 pm, concert. Eastern.

WBAN, Paterson, N. J. 200 ml. Wireless Phone Corporation. Daily ex Sun, 9:15-9:45 am, 10:30-11, 1-1:15 pm, 2:15-2:30, 4:30-5:30, music. Sat, morn. only. Eastern.

WBAO, Decatur, III. James Millikin Univ.

WBAP, Fort Worth, Texas, 400 and 485 only. 1,500 mi. Fort Worth Star Telegram. Daily ex Sun, 9:45-10 am, 11-11:30 am, 3-3:30 pm, 3:45-4 pm. Daily ex Sat and Sun, 7:15-8 pm, 9:30-10:30 pm, news, reports, concerts. Central.

WBAQ, Mishawaka, Ind. Lyradion Mfg. Co.

WBAU, Hamilton, O. Republican Pub. Co.

WBAV, Columbus, O. 500 mi. The Ernor Hopkins Co. Daily ex Sun, 12:30-1 pm, Mon, 7-9 pm. Central.

WBAW, Marletta. O. Marletta College.

Co. Daily ex Sun, 12:30-1 pm. Mon, 7-9 pm. Central.

WBAW, Marietta, O. Marietta College.

WBAX, Wilkes-Barre, Pa. 200 mi. John H. Stenger, Jr. Three nights of week, not regular.

WBAY, New York, N. Y. 400 only. 1,500 mi. A. T. & T. Co. Daily, 11-12 am, 4:30-5:30 pm. Thurs, 7:30 pm on Eastern daylight saving.

MON, Wed, Fri, 10-11 pm. The pm. The H. Radio Co. Mon, Wed, Fri, 10-11 pm. The Pm. The Pm. Church service. Central.

WBS, Newark, N. J. 100 mi. D. W. May, Inc. Mon, Wed, Thur, 7:30-8:30 pm, reports, music. Sun, 9-10:30 am, 1-3 pm, church service. Eastern.

WBT, Charlotte, N. C. 485 also. 500 mi. Southern Radio Corp. Daily ex Sun, 11 am, reports, 8 pm, music. Sun, 7:30 pm, church service. Eastern.

WBU, Chicago, Ili. City of Chicago.

WBZ, Springfield, Mass. 400 only. 500 mi. Westing-house Elec. & Mfg. Co. Daily ex Sun, 7:30 pm, children's hour; 7:45, markets, weather, lecture; 8-9, concert. Sun, 3 and 8, church service. Eastern.

WGAB, Newburgh, N. Y. 150 mi. Newburgh Daily News. Daily ex Sun, 1 pm, 2, 3, 7. Mon, Fri. 10:30 pm. Eastern.

WCAC, Fort Smith, Ark, John Fink Jewelry Co. Tests only.

WGAD, Canton, N. Y. 200, 480 also. 300 mi. St.

wcad, Canton, N. Y. 200, 480 also. 300 mi. St. Lawrence Univ. No regular schedule. Eastern. wcae, Pittsburgh, Pa. 400 only. Kaufman & Baer

WCAE, Pittsburgh, Pa. 400 only. Kaufman & Baer Co.
WCAG, New Orleans, La. 200 mi. Clyde R. Randall. Daily ex Sun, 6:45-7 pm, news, time. Thur, 8:30-10 pm, concert. Sun, 2-4 pm music. Central.
WCAH, Columbus, O. 150 mi. Entrekin Elec. Co. Tues, Fri. 7-9 pm, music. Wed, Thur, Sat, 7-8 pm, music. Sun, 10-12:30, church service. Central.
WCAI, San Antonio, Tex. Southern Equipment Co.
WCAI, San Antonio, Tex. Southern Equipment Co.
WCAI, Univ. Place, Neb. 485 also. 100 mi. Neb.
Wesleyan. Univ. Daily ex Sun, 11 am, weather, news. Wed, 9 pm, music, lecture. Central.
WCAK, Houston, Tex. 100 mi. Alfred P. Daniel.
Daily ex Sun, 17-7:15 pm, music. Wed, 8-9:15, concert. Sun, 3-4:30 pm, concert. Central.
WCAL, Northfield, Minn. 500 mi. St. Olaf College, Thur, 11 pm, music. Sun, 8:30 pm, music, concert, lecture. Central.
WCAM, Villanova, Pa. Villanova College.
WCAO, Baltimore, Md. 100 mi. Sanders & Stayman Co. Daily ex Sun, 12-12:20 pm, 5-5:20. Mon, Wed, 7:30-8:30 pm. Eastern.
WCAP, Decatur, III. Central Radio Service.
WCAQ, Defiance, O. 200 mi. Tri-State Radio Mfg. Co. Daily, 11:30-12:30 pm, 3, baseball; 6-6:30, baseball, concert; 8, special program. Central.
WCAR, San Antonio, Tex. 200 mi. Alamo Radio Elec. Co. Mon, Thurs, Sat, 8:30-9:30 pm, concert. Sun, 11 am, church service. Central.
WCAS, Minneapolis, Minn. 200 mi. Wm, H. Dunwoody Industrial Inst. Mon, 8-8:45 pm, music, lectures Central.

woody Industrial Inst. Mon, 8-8:45 pm, music, lectures Central.

WGAT, Rapid City, S. D. 485 only, 300 mi. S. D. State School of Mines. Daily ex Sun, 9:30 am, 12:30 m, 3 pm, weather, reports. Mountain.

WGAU, Philadelphia, Pa, 485 also, 500 mi. Durham & Company, Inc. Daily ex Sun, 11:30 am, 2:30 pm, 6:30, reports, music. Tues, Fri, 10-12 pm, concert. Sun, 2-4 pm, music. Eastern.

WGAV, Little Rock, Ark. J. C. Dice Elec. Co.

WGAW, Quincy, Ill. 200 mi. Quincy Elec. Sup. Co. (Quincy Herald.) Deily ex Sun, 8:45 am, markets; 11, markets; 1 pm, markets; 5, music, baseball. Tues, Ved, Thurs, Sat, 8:30-9:45 pm, concert. Sun, 6:30-7:30 pm, religious, Central.

WGAX, Burlington, Vt. Univ. of Vt.

WGAY, Milwaukec, Wis. 485 also, 500 mi, Kesselman-

Wed, Thurs. Sat, 8:30-9:45 pm, concert. Sun, 6:30-7:30 pm, religious, Central.

WGAY, Burlington, Vt. Univ. of Vt.

WGAY, Milwaukeo, Wis. 485 also. 500 mi, KesselmanO'Driscoll Muste House. Daily ex Sun, 11 am, reports. Mon, Tues, Thur, Fri, 8:30-9:30 pm, music.
Sun, 7:30-8:30 pm, church services. Central.

WGE, Minneapolls, Minn. Findley Elec. Co.

WGK, St. Louis, Mo. 50 mi, Sitx Baer & Fuller
(Grand Leader). Mon, Wed, Fri, 6:45-8 pm, concert,
lecture, bedtime story. Central.

WGM, Austin, Tex. Univ. of Tex.

WGN, Worcester, Mass. 485 also. 100 mi. Clark Univ.
Daily, 11:15 am, 5:15 pm, weather. Evening program
irregular. Eastern.

WGX, Detroit, Mich. 400 and 485 only. 1,000 mi.
The Detroit Free Press. Daily ex Sun, 10:35 am,
WGX Woman's Club; 2 pm, news; 2:15, stock reports;
2:50, weather markets; 4:15, markets, music. Daily
ex Sat, 8:30-10 pm, week starting Dec. 11 and alternate weeks thereafter, concert; 7-8:30 pm, week
starting Dec. 18 and alternate weeks thereafter, concert. Sun, 2:30 pm, 4 pm, church services. Central.

WDAC, Springfield, Ili. Illinois Watch Co. Time and
weather, spark only.

WDAE, Tampa, Fia. 485 also. 500 mi. Tampa Daily
"Times, Wed, Fri, 8-10 pm, music, lecture. Eastern.

WDAF, Fansas City, Mo. 400 and 485 only. 500 mi.
Kansas City Star. Daily ex Sun, 3-4 pm, reports,
music, 6-7, educational, bedtime story, etc. Mon,
WDAH, El Paso, Texas. 485 also. 300 ml. Mine &
WDAG, Amarillo, Tex. J. Laurance Martin.
WDAH, El Paso, Texas. 485 also. 300 ml. Mine &

MUSIC. Central.

WDAG, Amarillo, Tex. J. Laurance Martin.

WDAH, El Paso, Texas. 485 also. 300 ml. Mine &
Smelter Supply Co. Daily ex Sun, 10 am, news, reports. Tues, Thurs, Sat, 7:30-8:30 pm, music. Moun-

WDAI. Syracuse, N. Y. 485 also. 200 mi. Hughes Radio Corp. Daily ex Sun, 12 m, reports. Wed, Sat,

Radio Corp. Dally ex Sun, 12 m, reports. Wed, Sat, evening concert.

WDAJ, College Park, Ga. 485 also. 300 mi. A. & W. P. R. R. Co. Daily, 9-10 pm, concert etc. Central.

WDAK, Hartford, Conn. 150 mi. Hartford Courant.
Dally ex Sun, 2:30 pm, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, music; 7:40, bedtime story; 8:15. concert. Eastern.

WDAL, Jacksonville, Fla. 485 also. 250 mi. Florida Times Union. Daily, 11 am, time, weather, 3-3:15, 4-4:15, 5-5:15, 8-9:30 music. 10:05-10:20 pm, reports. Eastern.

ports. Eastern. WDAO, Dallas, Tex. Automotive Elec. Co. WDAP, Chicago, Ill. 2,000 mi. Drake Hotel, Tues, Thur, 11:45 am, 1:45 pm, 6 pm, 10 pm, dance music. Sat, 10 pm, 2 am, dance music. Sun, 8:30 pm, 9 pm, 10 pm, concert. Central.

Daily ex Sun, 11:00 am, 12:05, 7:30-9 pm, concert.

WDAY, Fargo, N. D. 485 also, 300 mi. Daily ex Sun, 12:15-12:30 pm, 7:30-8:15, reports, news, music.

WDAY, Fargo, N. D. 485 also. 300 mi. Daily ex Sun. 12:15-12:30 pm, 7:30-8:15, reports, news, music. Central.

WDM, Washington, D. O. 50 mi. Church of the Covenant. Sun. 10:30 am, church service; 3 pm, lecture; 7:30, church service. Eastern.

WDT, New York, N. Y. Ship Owners Radio Service, WDV. Omaha, Neb. 100 mi. John O. Yeiser, Jr. Daily 7-8 pm. Tues, Sat, 12-1 am. Fri, 10-10:45 pm. Sun, 2-4 pm. Music. Central.

WDY, Roselle Park, N. J. Radio Corp. of America.

WDY, Roselle Park, N. J. Radio Corp. of America.

WDZ, Tuscola, Ill. 70 mi. James L. Bush. Daily ex Sun, every half hr., 8:30 am-12:15, Chicago Board of Trade quotations. Tues, Fri, 7-8 pm, concert, entertainment. Central.

WEAA, Flint, Mich. Fallain & Lathrop.

WEAB, Fort Dodge, Iowa. 485 also. 600 mi. Standard Radio Equipment Co. Daily ex Sun, markets every 30 min. from 9:40 am to 12:40 pm, 5:15 pm, 7-8 pm, music: 8:15, bedtime story; 9:45, weather. Wed, Sat, 10-11:15 pm, dance music. Sun, 10:30 am, 4:30 pm, 7:30 pm, church services. Central.

WEAC, Terre Haute. Ind. 485 also. 75 mi. Baines Electric Servico Co. Daily ex Sun, 10:15 am, weather; 12-1 pm, 5-6, music. Central.

WEAD, Atwood, Kan. 485 also. 150 mi. N. W. Kansas Radio Supply Co. Daily ex Sun, 10:15 am, am, markets, music; 12, markets; 1:45 pm, markets; on half hour 3:15 to 5:45, news sports. Tues, Wed, Thurs. Sat, 7:30-9, concert. Sun, 11 am, church service; 3 pm, sacred music; 7:30, church service. Central.

WEAF, New York City, N. Y. 400 only, 1,500 mi.

WEAE, Blacksburg, Va. Polytechnic Inst.
WEAF, New York City, N. Y. 400 only. 1,500 mi.
Western Elec. Co. Daily ex Sun, 4:30-5:30 pm.
Mon, Wed, Thur, Sat, 7:30-10 pm. Tues, Fri, 7:30-8
pm. Eastern.

mon, Wed, Thur, Sat, 7:30-10 pm. Tues, Fri, 7:30-8 pm. Eastern.

WEAG, Edgewood, R. I. Nichols-Hineline-Bassett Lab.

WEAH, Wichita, Kan. 485 also 500 mi. Lander
Radio Co. Daily ex Sun, 9:40 am, 10:40, 11:40, 12:30

pm. 1:30, 3:15, reports. Wed, Sat, 8 pm, concert.

Every third Sun, 8 pm, concert. Cantal

WEAI, Ithaca, N. Connell inv.

WEAJ, Vermillion, S. D. 300 mi. Univ. of S. D.

Mon, Wed, Fri, Sat, 7:30 pm, music, lectures. Central

weak, St. Joseph, Mo. 100 mi. Julius B. Aber-crombie. Thur, 8-9:45 pm, concert. Central. WEAM, North Plainfield, N. J. 75 mi. Burough of N. Plainfield. Daily, 7:30-8 pm, music, police news, etc.

Plainfield. Daily, 7:30-8 pm, music, police news, etc. Eastern.

WEAN, Providence, R. I. 50 mi. The Shepard Co. Daily ex Sun, 3-5 pm, 6-8, music, bedtime stories. Mon. Wed, 8-10 pm, concert. Eastern.

WEAO, Columbus, Ohio. Ohio State Univ.

WEAP, Mobile, Ala. 485 also. 50 mi. Mobile Radio Co. Daily, 4-5 pm, 7-8:55. Central.

WEAR, Baltimore, Md. 485 also. 200 mi. News & American Pub. Co. Daily ex Sun, 2-2:30 pm, 6:30-7, weather, music, news. Thur, Sat, 7:30-9:30 pm. Eastern.

WEAS, Washington, D. C. 200 mi. The Hecht Co. Daily ex Sun, 3-4 pm. Wed, Fri, 7-8 pm. Eastern.

WEAT, Tampa, Fla. John J. Fogarty.

WEAU, Sioux City, Ia. 50 mi. Davidson Bros. Co. Daily ex Sun, 9 am, 10, 11, 1 pm, reports, news. Mon. Wed, Fri, 8:30 pm, concert. Central.

WEAV, Rushville, Nebr. 200 mi. Sheridan Elec. Service Co. Wed, Fri, Sun, 8-9 pm, concert, news, etc. Mountain.

WEAW, Anderson, Ind. 25 mi. Arrow Radio Lab.

WEAV, Rushing, Service Co. Wed, Fri, Sun, 8-9 pm, concert, service Co. Mountain.

WEAW, Anderson, Ind. 25 mi. Arrow Radio Lab.

Mon, Wed, Fri, 7:30-8:30 pm, concert, news, etc.

WEAW, Anderson, Ind. 25 mi. Arrow Radio Lab. Mon, Wed, Fri, 7:30-8:30 pm, concert, news, etc. Central.

WEAX, Little Rock, Ark. T. J. M. Daly.
WEAY, Houston, Tex. Will Horwitz, Jr.
WEB, St. Louis, Mo. 800 mi. The Benwood Co., Inc. Daily ex Sun, 9-9:40 am, 12-12:45 pm, 3-4. Wed, 7-9 pm. Central.

WEH, Tulsa, Okla. (300 S. Main St., Eldorado, Kans.) Midland Refining Co.
WEV, Houston, Tex. 485 also. 500 mi. Hurlburt-Still Elec. Co. Daily ex Sun, 10 am, 5:30 pm, weather, roads. Tues, Thur. 8 pm, concert. Central.

WEW, St. Louis, Mo. 485 also. 100 mi. St. Louis Univ. Daily ex Sun, 9 am, 10, 2 pm, reports. Central.

Univ. Daily ex. Sun, v. a.m., v., utal.

WEY, Wichita, Kan. 485 also. 500 mi. Cosradio Co.

(Wichita Beacon.) Daily ex. Sun, hourly, 8:40 am12:40 pm, stock markets. Daily, 10:45 am and 4:30
pm, weather; 8-10 pm, sports, concert, lecture; 10:45
weather. Sun, 8:10 pm, church service, concert. Central

weather. Sun, 6.17 pm, 400 and 485 only. 1,500 mi. WFAA, Dallas, Texas. 400 and 485 only. 1,500 mi. Dallas News and Dallas Journal. Daily, 10:15 am, reports; 12:30-1 pm, address; 6:45-7, bedtime story; 8:30-9, music. Tues, Thur, Sat, 11-12 pm, music.

8:30-9, music. Tues, Thur, Sat, 11-12 pm, music. Central.
WFAB, Syracuse, N. Y. 100 ml. C. F. Woese. No definite schedule.
WFAC, Superior, Wis. 400 ml. Superior Radio Co. Daily, 7-7:45 pm, news. Central.
WFAD, Salina, Kan. 250 ml. Watson Weldon Motor Supply Co. Daily ex Sun, 8:45 am, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45, 1:30 pm, reports. Tues, Thur, Fri, 8 pm, concert. Sun, 11 am, church service; 8 pm, concert. Central.

Sun, 11 am, church service; 8 pm, concert. Central,
WFAF, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. 200 mi. H. C. Spratley
Radio Co. Daily ex Sun, 10-10:30 am, 11:30-11:45,
1:30-2 pm, 4-4:15. Tues, Thurs, Sat, 8:15 pm, feature program. Eastern.
WFAG, Waterford, N. Y. 340 only. 300 mi. Radio
Engineering Lab. Wed, Sat, 7:45-10 pm, concert.
Sun, 2-4 pm, church service. Eastern.
WFAH, Port Arthur, Tex. Elec. Supply Co.
WFAH, Asheville, N. C. Hi-Grade Wireless Instrument
Co.

Co.
WFAM, St., Cloud, Minn. 485 also. 100 mi. Granito City Elec. Co. Daily ex Sun, 3:30-4:00 pm, markets; 7:30-9, entertainment. Central.
WFAN, Hutchinson, Minn. 485 also. 500 mi. Hutchinson Elec. Service Co. Daily ex Sun, 1 pm, markets

son Elec. Service Co. Daily ex Sun, 1 pm, markets etc. Central.

WFAQ, Cameron, Mo. Cameron Radio Co, and Mo. Wesleyan College.

WFAS, Fort Wayne, Ind. United Radio Corp.

WFAT, Sloux Falls, S. Dak. 485 also. 400 mi. Argus Leader, Daily ex Sun, 10:15-12:15 pm, 2:15, reports; 7:30 pm, music. Tues, 8-9 pm, concert. Central.

WFAU, Boston, Mass. Edwin C. Lewis.

WFAU, Boston, Mass. Edwin C. Lewis.

WFAU, Lincoln, Nebr. 485 also. 300 mi. Univ. of Nebr. Daily ex Sun, 10:10 am, weather, markets. Sat. 9:00 pm, concert. Central.

WFAW, Miami, Fla. Daily Metropolis.

WFAY, Independence, Kan, 500 mi. Daniels Radio Supply Co. Daily ex Sun, 12 m, 4 pm, news. Mon, Tues, Wed, 7:30-8 pm, entertainment. Thur, Fri. 7-8:30 pm. Sat, 7-9 pm, music. Sun, 11 am, church services. Central.

WFAZ, Charleston, S. C. 400 mi. S. C. Radio Shop.

services. Central.

WFAZ, Charleston, S. C. 400 mi. S. C. Radio Shop.

Daily ex Sun, 12 m, reports, news, music. Tues,

Thur, 8-10, pm. Eastern.

Thur, 8-10, pm. Eastern.

WF!, Philadelphia, Penn. 400 and 485 only. 350 mi. Strawbridge & Clothier. Dally ex Sun, 1:16 pm, news; 3:30-4:30, concert; 5:30-6, sports. Mon. Fri, 6:30-7 pm, Radio talk. Wed, Fri, Sat, 7:30-8:30 pm, concert. Fri, Sat, (alternate weeks) 7:30 pm, concert at 8:30 pm. Sun, 4 pm, church service. Eastern.

WFO, Dayton, O. 485 also. 300 mi. Rike-Kumler Co. Daily ex Sun, 9 am, 11, 4 pm, music, news, reports. Mon, Wed, Fri, 8 pm, concert. Sat, 11:30 pm. concert. Central.

WGAB, Houston, Tex. 250 mi. QRV Radio Co. Daily ex Sun, 8:30-9 am, police reports; 1:30-2:30 pm, concert, agriograms; 4-5, concerts, police reports. Central.

WGAD, Ensenada, Porto Rico. 250 mi. Escuela Hispano Americana de Radio Telegrafia, Inc. Sat and Sun eve.

WDAQ, Brownsville, Pa. 200 mi. Hartman-Riker Elec. & Mach. Co. Daily ex Sun, 10:30-10:50 am, music. 12:50-1:10 pm, music, news, weather; 5:05-5:30 music. Tues, Thurs, Fri, 9:15-10 pm, concert. Sun, 5 pm, chapel. Eastern.
WDAR, Philadelphia, Pa. Lit Bros.
WDAR, Philadelphia, Pa. Lit Bros.
WDAY, Worcester, Mass. Samuel A. Waite.
WDAU, New Bedford, Mass. 500 mi. A. H. Smith. Wed, Fri, 7:45-10 pm, music, Sun, 10:30-12 m, 5-6 pm, church services. Eastern.
WDAY, Muskogee, Okia. Daily Phoenix.
WDAY, Centerville, Iowa. 500 mi. First Nat'l. Bank. Daily ex Sun, 11:30 am, reports, news. Mon, Thur, 7:30-9 pm, concert. 425 cless 200 mt. Delta ex WGAH, New Haven, Conn. New Haven Elec. Co.
WGAI, Shenandoah, Ia. 100 mi. W. H. Gass, Mon, Thur, 7:30-8 pm, Central.
WGAK, Macon, Ga. Macon Elec. Co.
WGAI, Lancaster, Pa., 35 mi. Lancaster Elec. Supply & Construction Co. Mon, Wed, Fri, 7-8 pm, concert, lecture. Sun, 3-3:30 pm, church service. Eastern.
WGAM, Orangeburg, S. C. 150 mi. Orangeburg Radio Equipment Co. Daily ex Sun, 10 am, markets, weather; 11:55, time; 4 pm, Radio talk, markets, bashall; 6, music, lecture; 10, time, weather, entertainment. Sun, 11 am, church service; 11:55, time; 10 pm, time, weather, music. Eastern. concert, lecture. Sun, 8-3:30 pm, church service. Eastern.

WGAM, Orangeburg, S. C. 150 mi. Orangeburg Radio Equipment Co. Daily ex Sun, 10 am, markets, weather; 11:55, time; 4 pm, Radio talk, markets, basebail; 6, music, lecture; 10, time, weather, entertainment. Sun, 11 am, church service; 11:55, time; 10 pm, time, weather, music. Eastern.

WGAN, Pensacola, Fla. Cecil E. Lloyd.

WGAQ, Shreveport, La. 500 mi. Glenwood Radio Corp. Daily ex Sun, 8 pm, music. Sun, 11 am, 7:30 pm, church service. Central.

WGAR, Fort Smith, Ark. Southwest American.

WGAR, Chicago, Ill. 1,000 mi. Ray-di-co Organization, Inc. Daily ex Sun, 9-9:20 am, 11:15-11:30 pm, 1:30-1:45 pm, 2:45-3, 5-6, music. 12:15-12:30 pm, 4-4:15, 4:30-4:45, reports, Wed, Fri, 10-11 pm, music. Central.

tion, Inc. Dally ex Sun, 9-9:20 am, 11:15-11:30, 1:30-1:45 pm, 2:45-3, 5-6, music. 12:15-12:30 pm, 4-4:15, 4:30-4:45, reports. Wed, Fri, 10-11 pm, music. Central.

WGAT, Lincoln, Nebr. 100 mi. Am. Legion, Dept. of Nebr. Mon, Wed, 9 pm, announcements. Fri, 9-10 pm, patriotic program, concert. Sun, 3-5 pm, sermon. Central.

WGAU, Wooster, O. Marcus G. Limb.

WGAW, Altoona, Pa. Ernest C. Albright.

WGAY, Washington C. H., O. 75 mi. Radio Elec. Co. Dally ex Sun, 9 am, 2 pm, music, news. Mon, Wed, Fri, 9:30 pm, concert, news. Sun, 10:30 pm, sermon. Central.

WGAY, Madison, Wis. 100 mi. North Western Radio Co. Dally ex Sun, 9-10 am, financial news; 11:30, news, opening markets; 4 pm, news, closing markets. Mon, Wed, Thurs, Sat, 7:30-8:30 pm, concert. Sun, 10:30-12 am, sermon. Central.

WGAZ, South Bend, Ind. 200 mi. South Bend Tribune. Daily ex Sun, 9-9:30 am, household hints, menus; 2-3 pm, music, 7-8 pm, music. Central.

WGF, Des Moines, Iowa. 485 also. 300 mi. Register and Tribune. Tues, Fri, 7:30 pm, entertainment. Sun, 5 pm, church service. Central.

WGI, Medford Hillside, Mass. 485 also. 200 mi. Am. Radio and Research Corp. Daily ex Sun, 7 am, setting up exercises; 9:30, 11:30, 3:25 pm, music; 10:30 am, 1:30 pm, 3, 6, 6:30, reports, news. Mon, Wed, 7 pm, entertainment. Tues, 8:30 pm, fashion talks, concert. Sun, 4 pm, concert. Eastern.

WGL, Philadelphia, Pa. 2,000 mi. Faderal Tel.

WGR, Buffalo, N. Y. 485 also. 300 mi. Federal Tel.

Witm, Atlanta, Ga. 400 only. Atlanta Constitution. WGR, Buffalo, N. Y. 485 also. 300 mi. Federal Tel. & Telg. Co. Daily ex Sat and Sun, 12:15 pm, weather, agriograms; 2, music; 3, lecture; 4 music; 5:30, reports; 7:30, bedtime stories; 8:10, concert. Eastern.

weather, agriograms; 2, music; 3, lecture; 4 music; 5:30, reports; 7:30, bedtime stories; 8:10, concert. Eastern.

WGV, New Orleans, La. Interstate Elec, Co.

WGY, Schenectady, N. Y. 400 and 485 only. 1,000 mi. General Elec. Co. Daily ex Sun, 11:55 am, 12:30 pm, 6, 10, reports, time, sports, Mon, Tues, Thur, Fri, 2-2:30 pm, 7:45, concert. Fri, 10:30 pm, special. Sun, 10:30 am, 4:30 pm, church service. Eastern.

WHA. Madison, Wis. 485 also. 600 mi. Univ. of Wis. Daily ex Sun, 12:30-1 pm, weather, markets. Tues, Thurs, Fri, Sat, 12-1 pm, weather, markets, time. Tues, 8-9 pm, concert. Fri, 8-9:15 pm, news, concert. Sat, 1-1:20 pm, instruction. Central.

WHAA, Iowa City, Ia. 200 mi. State Univ. of Ia. Daily ex Sun, 8-8:30 pm, lecture, concert, sports, news. Sun, 10:45-12 am, church service. Central.

WHAB, Galveston, Tex. 300, 485, 600 also. 500 mi. Clark W. Thompson Co. Daily ex Sun, 9:45-10:15 am, 3 pm, 5 pm, reports, music, news. Mon, Wed, Fri, 8 pm, entertainment. Sun, 10 am, church service. Central.

WHAC, Waterloo, Ia. 150 mi. Cole Bros. Elec. Co.

am, 3 pm, 5 pm, reports, music, news. Mon, Wed, Fri, 8 pm, entertainment. Sun, 10 am, church service. Central.

WHAC, Waterloo, Ia. 150 mi. Cole Bros. Elec. Co. Daily ex Sun, 6:15 pm, news. sports. Mon, Wed, Fri, 9:30 pm, concert. Central.

WHAD, Milwaukee, Wis. 485 also. 100 mi. Marquette Univ. Daily ex Sun, 10:58 am, time; 11:20, weather. Wed, 7:30-8:30 pm, music, entertainment. Central.

WHAE, Sloux City, Ia. 200 mi. Automotive Elec. Service Co. Daily ex Sun, 12:30-5:30 pm, music, reports. Thur, 7:30 pm, music. Central.

WHAF, Pittsburgh, Pa. 200 mi. Radio Elec. Co. Daily ex Sun, 11:30-12 m, 3-3:30 pm, music, news, Sun, 9-10, music. Eastern.

WHAG, Cincinnati, O. 100 mi. Univ. of Cincinnati. No definite schedule.

WHAH, Joplin, Mo. John T. Griffin.

WHAH, Davenport, Ia. 30 mi. Radio Equip. & Mfg. Co. Daily ex Sat and Sun, 2-2:30 pm, 4:30-5-30. 10-11. Sat. 10-11 am, 2-2:30 pm, 5-5:30, 11-11:30. Central. WHAK, Clarksburg, W. Va. Roberts Hdwe, Co. 50 mi. No definite schedule.

WHAL, Lansing, Mich, 200 mi. The Capital News. Daily ex Sun, 9:15-9:45 am, 12:30-1 pm, 3:45-4:15, 7:30-8:30. Sun, 2:30 pm. Central.

WHAO, Savannah, Ga. 100 mi. Frederick A. Hill. Daily, 9:30-10 pm. Eastern.

WHAP, Decatur, Iil. 100 mi. Dewey L, Otta. No definite schedule.

WHAP, Decatur, Iil. 100 mi. Dewey L, Otta. No definite schedule.

WHAP, Mashington, D. C. 75 mi. Semmes Motor Co. Mon, 7-8 pm, lecture on automobile upkeep, music. Eastern.

WHAR, Atlantic City, N. J. Paramount Radio & Elec.

WHAK, Atiantic City, N. J. Paramount Radio & Elec.
Co.
WHAS, Louisville, Ky. 485 also. 1,500 mi. Courier
Journal and Louisville Times Co. Daily ex Sun, 4-5
pm, 7:30-9. Sun, 9:57-10:45 am, 4-5 pm, church
service. Central.
WHAV, Wilmington, Del. 200 mi, Wilmington Elec.
Spec. Co. Daily ex Sun, 12-1 pm, music. Mon,
Wed, Frl. 6-8 pm, concert. Tues, Thur, Sat, 6-7
pm, music. Eastern.
WHAW, Tampa, Fla. 50 mi. Pierce Elec. Co. Daily
ex Sat, Sun, 12-1 pm, 4-5, music, agriograms. Sat,
12-1 pm, 8-10, music, entertainment, Eastern.
WHAY, Huntington, Ind. 75 mi. Huntington Pub. Co.
Daily ex Sun, 12 m, 3 pm, music; 1:30 pm, 6, reports, sports. Mon. Wed, Sat, 8 pm, concert. Central.
WHAZ, Troy, N. Y. 400 only. 500 mi. Rensselaer

WHAZ, Troy, N. Y. 400 only, 500 mi, Rensselaer Polytechnic Inst. Mon. 8:15-9:30 pm, music. East-

WHAZ. Troy, N. Y. 400 only. 500 mi. Rensselaer
Polytechnic Inst. Mon, 8:15-9:30 pm, music. Eastern.
Polytechnic Inst. Mon, 8:15-9:30 pm, music. Eastern.
WHB, Kansas City, Mo. 400 and 485 only; 1,000 mi. Sweeney Auto & Tractor School. Daily, 10 and 3 pm, 5, weather. Daily ex Sun, 2 pm, laddes' hour; 7 bed time stories. Tues, Thurs, Sun, 8-10 pm, concert.
WHO, Morgantown, W. Va. 100 mi. W. Va. University, Daily, 4-6, 7-17:30, news etc. Eastern.
WHK, Cleveland, O. 300 mi. Warren R. Cox. Daily ex Sun, 1:30-2 pm, 4-4:30, 6-6:30. Tues, Thurs, Sun, 8-9:30 pm. Concert. Eastern.
WHN, Ridgewood, N. Y. Times Printing & Pub. Co. WHX, Des Moines, Iowa. 50 mi. Iowa Radio Corp. Daily, 12:30-1 pm, 6-6:30. Sat, 3 pm, sports. Central.
WHAB, Rockford III. 50 mi. Joslyn Automobile Co. Tues, Fri, 8:30-9:30 pm music. Central.
WHAB, Rockford III. 50 mi. Joslyn Automobile Co. Tues, Fri, 8:30-9:30 pm music. Central.
WHAB, Rockford III. 50 mi. Joslyn Automobile Co. Tues, Fri, 8:30-9:30 pm, music. Central.
WHAB, College, Wilder, Wild

pm, news; 7-7:15, music; 7:15-7:30, lecture. Cen-

pm. news; 7.7:15, music; 7:15-7:30, lecture. Central.
WIAQ. Marion, Ind. Chronicle Pub. Co.
WIAR, Paducah, Ky. 150 mi. J. A. Rudy & Sons.
Dally ex Sun, 11-12 am, markets, weather, news, music; 4-5 pm, same and sports; 7:30-9, concert, lectures, etc. Sun, 11-12 am, church service. Central.
WIAS, Burlington, Ia. 400 mi. Hawk-Eye Home Elec.
Co. Tues, Thurs, 8-9 pm, concert. Central.
WIAT, Tarkio, Mo. Leon T. Noel.
WIAU, Le Mars, Ia. Am. Trust & Savings Bank.
WIAV, Binghampton, N. Y. N. Y. Radio Lab.
WIAW, Saginaw, Mich. Saginaw Radio & Elec. Co.
Thur, 8 pm, music, entertainment. Sun, 2:30 pm, 8, 9, church service. Central.
WIAY, Washington, D. C. 200 mi. Woodward & Lothrop. Daily ex Sun, 10:30-11:30 am, 2-3 pm.
music. Sat, 8-10 pm, concert. Eastern.
WIAZ, Miami, Fia. Flagler St., Elec. Supply Sales Co.
WIK, McKeesport, Pa. 500 mi. K. & L. Elec. Co.
Daily ex Sun, 6:30-7 pm. Tues, Thurs, 9:30-10:30 pm. Sun, 1:30-2:30 pm and 6:30-7 pm. Eastern.
WIL, Washington, D. C. 100 mi. Continental Elec.
Supply Co. Daily 5:30-7 pm., music, entertainment.
Eastern.
WIP, Philadelphia, Pa. 400 and 485 only. 1,000 mi.
Gimbel Bros. Daily ex Sun, 2:30-3:30 pm. Mon, Wed, Thur, 7-7:30 pm. Tues, Fri, Sat, 7-12 pm.
Sun, am, pm, church service.
WIZ, Cincinnati, O. 485 also. 200 mi. Cino Radio Mfg. Co. Daily ex Sun, 12 m, 3:30 pm, 7-8, reports, entertainment. Central.
WIAB, Lincoln, Nebr. 200 mi. American Radio Co.
Mon, Wed, 8:30-9 pm. Central.
WIAB, Lincoln, Nebr. 200 mi. American Radio Co.
Mon, Wed, 8:30-9 pm, contral.
WIAB, Lincoln, Nebr. 200 mi. American Radio Co.
Mon, Wed, 8:30-9 pm, curer
kets, news, music; 3:30-4, news, music; 6-6:15, sports; 8:45-9:45, concert, news. Sun, 11-12 am, church service; 3:30-4 pm, music; 6-6:15, sports; 8:45-9:45, music. Central.
WIAE, San Antonio, Tex. 485 also. 500 mi. Texas
Radio Engrng, Lab, Daily ex Sun, 2:30-30 pm, concert. Central.
WIAE, San Antonio, Tex. 485 also. 500 mi. Texas
Radio Syndicate (Evening News). Mon, 9:30-10:30 pm. Tues, Thurs, Sat, 7:30-8:30 pm, concert. Central.
WIAF, Muncie, Ind. 1

WJAE, San Antonio, Tex. 485 also, 500 ml. Texas Radio Syndicate (Evening News). Mon, 9:30-10:30 pm. Tues, Thurs, Sat, 7:30-8:30 pm, concert. Central.

WJAF, Muncle, Ind. 100 ml. Muncle Press and Smith Elec. Co. Daily ex Sun, 3:30-4 pm. Mon, Wed, Fri, 7-8 pm. Sat, 6-7 pm. Central.

WJAG, Norfolk, Neb. 485 also. 150 ml. Norfolk Daily News. Daily ex Sun, 10:30 am, 12:15 pm, 3:30, 5:30, renovto. Central.

WJAK, Stockdale, O. 485 also. 250 ml. White Radio Lab. Daily ex Sun, 10:30-10:50 am, music; 11:05-11:20, reports, news; 6-6:30, music, news. Wed, 8-9 pm, concert. Sun, 2-2:45 pm, church service. Central.

WJAL, Portland, Me. Victor Radio Corp.

WJAM, Cedar Rapids, Ia, 50 ml. D. M. Perham, Mon, Wed, Fri, 7-8 pm, music. Central.

WJAN, Peoria, Ill. 300 ml. Peoria Star and Peoria Radio Sales Co. Daily ex Sun, 11:30 am, markets. weather; 1:30 pm, closing markets, agriograms, bond news; 6:15, sports. Tues, Thurs, Sat, 9:15-9:45 pm, concert. Central.

WJAP, Duluth, Minn. 200 ml. Kelley Duluth Co. Mon, Thur, 8-9:30 pm, music. Sun, 11-12 m, pipe organ, 12-1 pm. church service.

WJAR, Providence, R. I. The Outlet Co.

WJAS, Pittsburgh, Pa. 150 ml. Pittsburgh Radio Supply House (Pittsburgh Leader). Daily ex Sun, 11-11:30 am, 2:30-3 pm. Mon, Tues, Fri, 7-8 pm. Eastern.

WJAT, Marshall, Mo. 100 ml. Kelley-Vawter Jewelry Co. Daily ex Sun, 12-2:30 pm.

Eastern.
WIAT, Marshall, Mo. 100 mi. Kelley-Vawter Jewelry
Co. Daily ex Sun, 2-2:30 pm, 5:35-6, concert. Cen-WJAT, Marshan, 2-2:30 pm, 5:35-0, Control Co. Daily ex Sun, 2-2:30 pm, 5:35-0, Control WJAX, Cleveland, O. 485 also, 500 mi. Union Trust Co. Daily ex Sat pm, Sun, 9-9:45 am, 10-10:45, 2-2:45 pm, 3-3:45, music, financial reports, news.

Eastern.

WIAZ, Chicago, Ili, Chicago Radio Lab.

WID, Granville, O. 25 mi. Denison Univ. Tues, Thur, 5-6 pm, educational lectures. Sun, 5-6 pm, religious stories. Central.

Company D. C. 100 mf. White & Boyer Co.

WJD. Granville, O. 25 ml. Denison Univ. Tues, Thur, 5-6 pm, educational lectures. Sun, 5-6 pm, religious stories. Central.

WJH, Washington, D. C. 100 ml. White & Boyer Co. Daily ex Sun, 1-2 pm, music. Tues, 7:45-10 pm, music. Eastern.

WJK, Toledo, O. 300 ml. Service Radio Equipment Co. Daily ex Sun, 2-3 pm, reports. Mon, Wed, Fri, 7:30-9 pm, concert. Sat, 2-5 pm, sports, news. Sun 11-12:30 pm, 7:30-8:30, church services. Eastern.

WJX, New York, N. Y. De Forest Radio Telephone & Telegraph Co.

WJZ, Newark, N. J. 1.500 ml. Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Co. Daily ex Sun, 15 minutes hourly from 9 am to 6 pm; 12-12:30 pm; 7-10:15 pm, Miscellaneous program of highly varied nature. Sun, 3-10:15 pm, music. Eastern.

WKAA Cedar Rapids, Ia. 200, 485 also. 200 ml. H. F. Paar. Daily ex Sun, 12:45 pm, reports; 5:30, reports, agriograms; 6-7, music. Thur, 11-12 pm, music. Sun, 4-5 pm, church service. Central.

WKAC, Lincoln, Neb. 400 ml. Star Pub. Co. Tues, Fri, 8-9:30 pm, concert, entertainment. Central.

WKAD, East Providence, R. I. Charles Looff.

WKAF, Wichita Falls, Tex. W. S. Radio Supply Co. WKAG, Louisville, Ky. Edwin T. Bruce, WKAH, West Palm Beach, Fla. Planet Radio Co. WKAK, Okemah, Okla. Oktuskee County News.

WKAL, Orange, Tex. Gray & Gray.

WKAP, Granston, R. I. Wilcox Flint.

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WKAP, Granston, R. I. Wilcox Flint, WKAQ, San Juan, Porto Rico. Radio Corp. of Porto

WKAQ, San Juan, Porto Rico. Radio Corp. of Porto Rico.

WKAR, East Lansing, Mich. Mich. Agrl. College.

WKAS, Springfield, Mo. 100 mi. L. E. Lines Music Co. Daily ex Sun, 6:30-7 pm, sports. Mon, Fri, Sat, 8-9:15 pm, music. Central.

WKAV, Laconia, N. H. Laconia Radio Club.

WKAW, Beloit, Vis. 100 mi. L. M. Turner. Daily 12-12:15 pm, 7-7:30, concert. Central.

WKAY, Bridgeport, Conn. 75 mi. Wm. A. Macfarlane.

WKAY, Gainesville, Ga. Brenau Collego.

WKAZ, Wilkes-Barre, Pa. 100 mi. Landau's Music Co. No definite schedule. Sat, 8-12 pm, dance music. Sun, 11 am, 8 pm, church service. Eastern.

WKC, Baltimore, Md. 500 mi. Jos. M. Zamoiski Co. Tues, Thurs, Sat, 7:30-9:30 pm. Eastern, daylight saving.

PLANT OWNERS IN BETTERMENT GROUP

IMPROVE ORGANIZE TO BROADCAST SITUATION

Washington Station Proprietors Send "Feelers" to Learn Public Wants in Radio Entertainment

WASHINGTON.—Definite action which may insure the permanent improvement of the Radio broadcasting situation in the District of Columbia was taken when owners and representatives of all broadcastng stations here met at the City Club as guests of Harold H. Levi, general manager of the Hecht Company, owners of Station WEAS, and formed the Radio Broadcasters' Association of Washington.

The membership includes representatives of concerns operating broadcasting stations in the District of Columbia only. C. O. Fisher, manager of the Radio department of Woodward & Lothrop, was unanimously elected president. A committee was appointed to prepare and arrange publicity for a questionnaire to determine the wishes of the public concerning the nature of Radio entertainment desired. The most important action taken was improving the arrangement of broadcasting schedules.

To Study Public Demand
Mr. Levi urged those present to co-operate, organize and make a study of the public demand for Radio entertainment. C. O. Fischer and Chief Radio Inspector Terrell, who was elected an honorary member of the association, spoke briefly. Mr. Terrell described methods pursued in other communities, particularly New York City, where station operators have made every effort to co-operate for greater efficiency on the part of broadcasting stations, and likewise for the greater benefit shared by the public and listeners

As the object of the session was the furtherance of co-operation between operators of broadcasting stations and the public dependent on the entertainment supplied by these stations, it was decided by all those present to eliminate so far as possible long waits between the announcements and the actual broadcasts of selections on Radio programs.

Radio to Assist China Missions

of Methodist Episcopal Church in Orient

BOSTON, MASS.—Word has been received by the Methodist Episcopal missionary department that Radiophones and airplanes are to be used as an aid in carrying on missionary work of the church in virtually inaccessible parts of China. This announcement is made by the committee on conservation and church advancement, the statement further adding that the decision was reached at a conference of missionaries in Tzechow, West China. Rev. James Maxon Yard, new executive secretary of the centenary, in China, sent the news to Rev. Paul Hutchinson, editor of the Chinese Advocate, and the latter relayed it by Radio to the committee in America. The Tzechow district is several weeks' journey from Shanghai and the missionaries there can see the mountains of Thibet from their headquarters. It lies in one of the wealthiest provinces of China. Szechuen with 60,000,000 inhabitants. The Radiophone and airplane at present are the only means available for communication and quick transportation.

Predicts Wider Use of Air Waves by Farmers

Weather Bureau Chief Sees Steps Beyond Forecasts Stage

WASHINGTON.—A great future increase in use of Radio by farmers is forecast in the report of Dr. C. F. Marvin, chief of the weather bureau, to the Secrepary of Agriculture.

"The great value of Radiophony as a means for disseminating weather forecasts and warnings to the people already has been demonstrated," Dr. Marvin pointed out. "Its future usefulness can-not be estimated."

Extension of telephone lines into rural districts overcame only a part of the diffi-culty of giving the farmer the latest weather advice, the report continued. Then came Radio. "Thousands of farmers installed such receiving apparatus during the past year, and are now obtaining the weather forecasts and warnings which are so important to their operations, as promptly and effectively as the business interests in urban communities," said Dr.

KITCHEN, BUSINESS HELPS TO WGI FANS

Women's Club Expert Gives Tuesday Cooking Tips-Market News Four Days

MEDFORD HILLSIDE, MASS.—Several new features have been added to the broadcasting program of WGI, Amrad In the afternoon on Tuesstation here. days, the Amrad Women's Club has an hour, and for a time a series of helpful cooking lessons by Mrs. Christine Frederick, director of the Applecroft Efficiency Station, will be given. The first lesson was "The Bride's Own Cooking Primer," a lesson intended for newlyweds.

The broadcasting of information of interest to business men has proven so popular that the regular program has been enlarged and includes the following: Mondays, at 6 p. m., a weekly review of conditions in the iron and steel industry, prepared by the Iron Trade Review; Tuesdays, at 6 p. m., Babson business report, assembled by the Babson Statistical Organization and reviewing the economic situation of the past week; Wednesdays, at the same hour, "News of the Wool Market," prepared by the Commercial Bulletin and arranged so that the layman as well as wool dealers and merchants may be interested; Thursdays, "Weekly Review of the Shoe and Leather Industry," prepared by the New England Shoe and Leather Association, same hour.

Radiophone Used to Direct Movie

Rex Ingram Controls Crowds in "Prisoner of Zenda" by New Device

LOS ANGELES. CALIF. - Radiophony has found new application in the hands of Rex Ingram, director of "The Prisoner of Zenda," in giving commands to the young army of extras in the great coronation scenes.

It was during the height of the recent Radio popularity that the brilliant young director undertook to transfer to the screen Anthony Hope's celebrated romance, "The Prisoner of Zenda," which was dramatized by Edward Rose.

In the course of making "The Four Horsemen," Mr. Ingram had encountered

an obstacle in the control of the thousands of actors in the big scenes. He had in that case used a wire telephone with success. But with the advent of the Phones and Airplanes to Help Work Radiophone, he saw one undeniable superiority in the newer instrument; that there need be no switchboard operator to delay the transmission of his direction.

Practical use of the Radio idea brought approval from Mr. Ingram. The working out of the scheme was not so complicated as he had anticipated. By placing subdi-rectors to issue orders to every group in the crowds at the coronation scenes, and so arranging the position of these subordinates as to hide them from the camera, and equipping them with receiving apparatus tuned to the same wave length as the transmitter he used, he was able to direct the entire mass of people with great success and instant response.

Radio Carries Coolidge's Voice into Distant Homes

WASHINGTON .- Vice President Coolidge has received some interesting comwhich was sent out by Station WGY at Schenectady, N. Y., on Christma great number of communications have reached the Vice President, including one from Jasper, Ind., Carthage, Mo., Gypsum, Kans., Greensboro, Ala., and other distant

The communication from Carthage says in part: "Your message was as clear as though you were speaking to us ten feet

From Gypsum comes the following: "Articulation and modulation were as perfect here through a loud speaker as though I had been there."

From Omaha, Neb.: "This address was received in our home, every word perfectly audible and very clear, and it almost fills one with awe at the thought of the great possibilities of the future of the Radio as a servant of the public.

Champ Canary Warblers

Entertain from Chicago
CHICAGO.—Probably the most novel
features of any program broadcast by
Radio was recently sent out from Station This entertainment was given in connection with a recent midnight show and consisted of the singing of twelve champion roller canaries. These birds were the prize winners in the International Roller Canary contest held at the local Hotel Sherman. Several of the wee yellow warblers have toured the world, and have the distinction of having sung at the Crystal Palace in London before King

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1,2	0 Turns	.50 150	Turns		50	Tur	ns.	• • • • • • • • •		40c
		-a 250	Turns			-	- •			
1.5	0 Turns	.50 750	lurns		75	Tur	ns.			.40c

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Radio Brings Cheer

First Year's Popularity of the Science

R ADIO is a great many years older than many realize. That is in a strict sense, it has existed rather obscurely for many years. But it was about this time, a year ago, that the Radiophone sprang boldly into the limelight and grew in popularity at a breath-taking pace, until it reached its present status as an institution almost as firmly established as if it had grown steadily for a decade.

Radio, in its recreational phase, has achieved popularity more quickly and more consistently than almost any other thing the American public has ever known. It has come to stay. It is spreading across the world. Conservative estimates have placed at better than a million the number of interested auditors who are equipped with Radio receiving outfits varying from home-made crystal sets, built of scraps, at an outlay of a quarter of a dollar, to magnificent tube sets of values up to a thousand dollars. The number is expected to double during the ensuing year.

Radio reaches everywhere. Few barriers prevail against it. It defies time, space and matter. Every day reveals some new phase of its usefulness. Home, hospital, school, hall, store, office and factory are entered and entertained by it. It is too large a thing for the human mind even to conjecture at the ultimate development.

Meanwhile, however, the Radio-minded of the nation are celebrating a milestone in Radio's endeavors with mingled awe at its great strides of the past, and wonder as to what it will do in the future. The Radio receiving set is speedily establishing itself as a fixture of the American home, and is as permanent and necessary as telephone or baby carriage.

Bringing Peoples Close Together

Air Communication Results in Removing Barriers

T IS difficult to keep one's feet on the ground when L contemplating the possibilites of Radiophone communication. They stagger the imagination. Radio is a utility of great value and like all discoveries and inventions it is causing a revolution in our civilization. Every day sees new opportunities for service along different lines of activity.

Experimenters are working night and day on improvements. The greatest development in broadcasting has been made through the use of the vacuum tube and future possibilities of immense improvement in this one feature are confidently expected.

There is one important factor, however, in this recent product of the inventive genius so active among our citizens that is fraught with tremendous significance. That is the effect that it will have on the ageslong struggle of the human race for attaining a perfect system of society.

Radio now is and will become more so, one of the greatest influences along the lines mentioned, for it removes effectively those barriers of time, space and lack of communication, and brings the peoples of the world close together. It will act as a great impetus to the movement to establish an international, or worldwide, language, and play no small part in assisting the race to reach the goal destined for it by a beneficial Providence.

Fundamental Definition Lacking

What Radio Means to Hundreds of Thousands

THE word Radio has as its fundamental definition the means whereby concerts, plays, operas, football scores and the like are brought into the individual home with the expenditure of little money and a comparatively small amount of labor. To a certain extent this is true, but there is now vastly more than that connected with the science itself, has been in the past and will be a hundred times more in the future.

Today Radio is the very heart string of the merchant marine of the world. It is the safeguard of the tourist and sailor when miles away from home on the trackless expanse of the world's oceans. True, lives have been lost regardless of Radio, yet how many more have been saved by the fleetness and magic of the Radio wave?

Condensed

By DIELECTRIC

There are times when a piece of news would never be noticed by us stuck down in a corner somewhere on an inside page of the daily journal. After hearing the announcement from Station DOE of the theft of a large number of five dollar Federal Reserve notes, and their numbers, then we plainly saw the news item to that effect in the paper we had just carefully perused. The trouble in the circuit when such a thing happens to any of us probably lies in our optical bulbs; one of these is directional, the other fixed. One oscillates before the printed page, while the other never leaves the filament rheostat that gentle fingers are persuading to mount ever higher! It is no easy thing to read all the news and at the same time keep ambitious hands from ruining the set. However, speaking of bank notes, I never knew even one of their numbers personally.

Will England send its Radio Premier to this country to be seech our aid in co-operating with them in their effort to keep American made sets off the British market? Receiving sets manufactured in the United States are admittedly superior to theirs, but they must needs develop the industry to themselves. A British broadcasting company has been granted a charter which insures that concern at least two years' monopoly in this

From the American Radio Exposition held in the Grand Central Palace, New York city, many items of general interest were given the listeners in, one of these being a wedding ceremony with two couples participating. It is rather a strange experience to hear the parson proclaim, "I pronounce you man and wife," when neither of the contracting parties are visible to the majority of the invited guests. The most aggravating part of it all, perhaps, is to be unable to contribute the usual rice and old shoes to the newlyweds. Some means will be provided in time whereby we listeners may play a more active part in starting a Radio-married couple on their life journey. For instance, we might shock

At that same exposition, we heard a speech broadcast by vice-president Griswold, of the American Telegraph and Telephone Company, in which he called our attention to the problems of the future in Radio broadcasting. We were advised to consider the necessity of placing this great source of entertainment on a sound business basis, as considerable sums of money are required to maintain broadcasting stations and to give to the public what it desired to hear. Then, the following evening, we heard (those of us who were listening to WJZ a rather different aspect of the subject. We were told that the expense of broadcasting was to be less the con-cern of the Radio audiences, than that well-organized stations should be supported by public approval made manifest to the ruling authorities. Whom are we to believe? Read column four, page one, of RADIO DIGEST, of December 23rd issue. Shall we put all our eggs in one basket?

Good news for the "silent period" fans! KSD announced two evenings a week when virtually no broadcasting would be done by stations in St. Louis, Mo. Others are learning to keep quiet, though it's a slow process.

Many of you may have heard the music from Station WMAF and not known the identity of the owner of that station. If other men of wealth would do as Col. Edward Green has here done, devote some of their means to the furtherance of the science of Radio, we could advance even more rapidly than is now the case. He has provided an equipment in his laboratory, which is second to none, of such experimental value that important discoveries may be looked for from this source. The appealing feature of it all is that any amateur may visit the place and, without expense, benefit by whatever he finds of new ideas. This is in marked conrast to the monopolistic spirit which seems to be per vading some quarters at the present time. Not that I would suggest hampering the purely business phase of Radiophony, rather, to extend the field of operation beyond the narrow confines of a single corporate interest. We will continue to need diversified application to this mammoth industry, if we wish to develop all of its latent possibilities.

Like reading a dime novel detective story just before retiring for the night, it is a bit disturbing to hear hold-up descriptions direct from police headquarters. That station in Detroit, Mich., with the well-chosen call letter—KOP—is responsible for my having spent a restless night on a recent occasion. In forboding tones I heard of two cases of highwaymen successfully accomplishing their nefarious purposes, and could easily visualize the whole exciting drama. Each character was carefully described as to dress, weight and the beautiful finish of his treasured automatic, and in both cases I was informed that these criminals were heading in my direction. With so yast an audience it is quite possible that the leading men were detained before they had gone very far. The incident serves to impress one anew with the utility of Radio broadcasting; not, however, with the need of spending money for blood curdling

Music with your meals is possible without the cost of employing an orchestra. Simply tune that station which is transmitting an orchestra concert for your benefit at the dinner hour.

RADIO INDI-GEST

The Grid Choked Up with Tears and Leaked Why did the tube howl? Because an electron passed round the plate, but found not a bite had been put on the

Hook the Two in Series

Dear Indi-The following was "lamped" in a so-called newspaper "Radio" department.

Invariable Condenser

Please tell me how to hook-up said "invariable" condensers. The same paper also mentioned the use of "negative" B batteries. Do the dealers pay you the price when you purchase a "negative" B battery?

He Usta Be Out Till He Listened "In"

Long into the night she sat watching The fire that but feebly burned; The hour of midnight solemly tolled, But yet he had not returned.

What could she do to keep him at home, Keep him away from that club? While love springs eternal hope will not die, Traps must be set for that "hub."

But now you'll find him always at home, And proudly to you he'll own, That he's never been out since the day She bought him a Radiophone. -Popular Wireless (London.)

Even Poems Have Meter

Pa: "I see Radio is sent according to meters." Ma: "First it was the gas meter, then the electric



meter, then we get an automobile and Will uses it to meet her every night and now it's Radio wavemeters."

Dancing at Radio Frequency

He wondered why "The Blue Danube Waltz" didn't sound just right. Then he found he had plugged in the two-step amplifier.

We Like Radio but We Eat First

When a Radiophan tells his wife, who is holding supper for him, that he wants to listen in just one more minute—he is usually picking a minute half an hour away.

Well, You Need a Ground

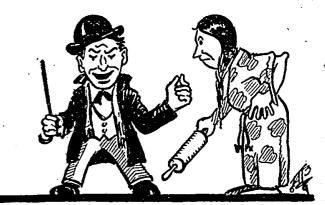
Notatube: "What's in the Radio concert program?"

Whataset: "Concert in A Minor." Notatube: "Probably Massa's in the coaled, coaled ground."

Three Cheers for Marconi!

Lawyer: "Now, if you will let me have some of his love letters''-Ex-Sweetie (suing for breach of promise): haven't any. We both had Radio sets."

She Listens in for Him



Ida: "I can't afford a Radio receiving set." Angela: "How foolish! What is your hubby's average income?"

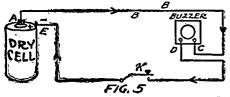
Ida: "Oh, asually midnight."

A. B. C. Lessons for Radio Beginners

By Arthur G. Mohaupt Chapter II

nature of electricity and about the different kinds of electric currents that are used in modern Radio practice. We also took up the subjects of electrical pressure, current flow, and resistance, and learned that pressure is measured in volts, current flow in amperes, and resistance in ohms. The entire chapter ought to be carefully reviewed before a study of this second chapter is undertaken.

In this chapter we will discuss electric ircuits and magnetism, two very important subjects with which everyone should

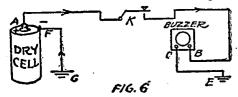


be familiar who wishes to understand the why's and wherefore's of Radio operation.

The Electric Circuit

In order that an electric current can flow, it is necessary to have a complete and uninterrupted conducting path or ring. This unbroken path over which an electric current flows is called an electric circuit. The complete circuit includes three essential parts: First. a source of current flow which may be either a battery or a dynamo; second, the apparatus in which the energy of the electric current is consumed, and third, the neces-

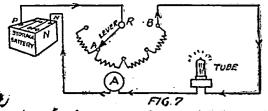
sary connecting wires and switches.
In Figure 5 we have illustrated a simple electric circuit consisting of a dry cell as the source of the electric current, a buzzer in which the energy of the current is consumed, and the connecting wires containing the switch or key K. As long as the key is open, there is a break or gap in the circuit and hence no current can flow; but as soon as the key is closed, the circuit becomes continuous and the dry cell is then able to cause a current to flow and to operate the buzzer. Al-though this is only a simple electric circuit, still its operation is the same as that of a large power circuit in which a large water wheel driven generator is delivering several thousand horsepower by means of a high tension (voltage) transmission line to a distant city.



Every electric cell, storage battery or dynamo, always has two terminals, one positive and one negative. The positive terminal is the one at which the current leaves the generator and flows to the energy consuming device, while the negative terminal is the one at which the current returns and again enters the generator. The wire conducting the current away from the generator is hence known as the positive side of the line, and the other wire over which the current returns is the negative side of the line.

Thus, in Figure 5, A is the positive terminal of the dry cell and the wire ABC is the positive side of the line, for through it the electric current flows from the cell to the buzzer. The wire DKE is then known as the negative side of the line, for through it the current returns to the cell.

Sometimes the earth or ground is used as the negative side of the line for conducting the return current. In Figcuit, in which the current leaves the cell at the positive terminal A and flows through the key K to the buzzer at B. The current then leaves the buzzer at C and enters the ground at E, it flows through the ground to G, and then returns to negative terminal of the cell at F. Note carefully how a ground connection is represented. For making a ground connection the wire can be connected to a

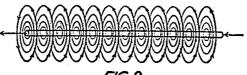


water pipe by means of a special "ground clamp," or else it can be connected to an iron rod or pipe which is driven down into the earth to a depth of six or eight

Ohms Law

The amount of current (No. of amperes) flowing in a circuit depends upon the applied electrical pressure (volts) and the amount of resistance (ohms) offered by the circuit to the flow of current. The higher the pressure, the more current will be caused to flow; also with a high resistance the same pressure can cause less current to flow than if the resistance is small. There is an importors. This law is known as Ohm's Law, and states that the number of amperes of current flowing in a circuit is equal to the number of volts pressure divided by the number of ohms resistance. Thus, if a storage battery can exert a pressure of 6 volts, and the resistance of the filament of a vacuum tube is 3 ohms, the number of amperes of current flowing will be equal to 6 divided by 3 or 2 amperes.

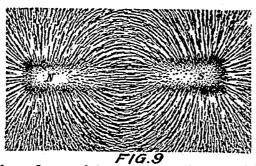
Since at a given pressure the current flow (No. of amperes) depends upon the resistance of the circuit it is evident that we can control the strength of the current by regulating the amount of resistance. A device consisting of a variable resistance and used for regulating the current flow in a circuit is called a rheostat. It is always connected in series in a circuit so that it forms a part of the circuit and all the current must flow through it. A rheostat is illustrated at A in Figure 7. The current leaves the storage battery at the positive terminal P, and enters the rheostat at R. The rheostat consists of a number of coils of high resistance wire connected between a series of contact points over which the end of a rotating lever moves. In the position in which this lever is in Figure , the current must first flow through all of the resistance connected in between A and B before it can flow on through the filament of the tube. Thus by rotating the lever any amount of resistance can



be cut in or out of the circuit, and the current correspondingly decreased or increased. As the current strength increases, the filament of the tube burns brighter, while with a decreased current the filament glows less dim.

The amount of current flow (No. of amperes) in a circuit is measured with an instrument known as an ammeter. An ammeter, like a water meter, is always connected "in series" in a circuit so that the entire current to be measured must flow through it. As is illustrated in Figure 7, an ammeter is represented by a circle with the letter A in it. As the current flows through the instrument, the pointer indicates on a scale the number of amperes flowing. The two terminals of an ammeter are marked P (positive) and N (negative). When connecting the instrument into the circuit, the positive terminal must always be connected to the positive side of the line, and the negative terminal to the positive side of the line. negative side of the line.

Magnetism Although magnetism is a very broad and interesting subject, we will be able to take up only a few of the important points which are necessary in order to understand the fundamental principles of Radio. We are all familiar with the small horseshoe magnet and have per-



formed many interesting experiments with it. A magnet will pick up only small pieces of iron and steel; but no other metals. Hence iron and steel are used so extensively in the construction of electrical apparatus and machinery, for they are the only metals which will carry magnetism or can be magnetized. However, a magnet does not possess its power of attraction over the entire surface, but only at certain places near

the ends of the magnet. These spots where the magnetism seems to be concentrated are called the poles of the magnet. A magnet always has two poles, one called the north pole and the other the south pole. If we lay a piece of stiff paper over a

magnet on a flat surface and then sprinkle iron filings on the paper, these filings will arrange themselves along definite lines as is illustrated in Figure 9. These lines are called magnetic lines of force or merely lines of force, because the magnetic force of the magnet seems to act along these lines. These lines appear to come out of one end of the magnet, the north pole, travel around through the surrounding

space, and enter the magnet again at the other end or south pole. The entire col-

lection of lines of force is commonly called a magnetic field, or magnetic flux. Whenever an electric current flows

that conductor is surrounded with a magnetic field in the form of circular lines of force, all of which have the conductor as a common center. They all become larger as the distance from the conductor increases. Such a circular magnetic field is illustrated in Figure 8. The direction in which the magnetic lines of force act around the conductor depends upon the direction in which the electric current flows. If the current is reversed, the lines of force act in the opposite direction around the conductor.

The strength of the circular magnetic field, that is, the number of magnetic lines of force, depends upon the strength of the electric current (No. of amperes) -the larger the current, the more lines of force encircle the conductor. We can never have an electric current without also having the magnetic field around it. Such magnetism is known as electromagnetism.

If the strength of the electric current changes, the number of lines of force also change. If the current increases, the lines of force expand around the wire and increase in number; while if the current decreases, the lines of force shrink together and decrease in number. If the current flow stops altogether, all of the lines of force collapse and disappear within the

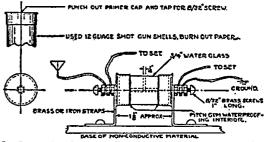
Since a change in current strength causes a change in the magnetic field around the wire, an alternating or pulsating current which is constantly changing in strength, is surrounded with a variable or everchanging magnetic field. As the alternating current increases from zero to a maximum value in one direction, the lines of force expand outward around the conductor; and as the current again decreases to zero, the lines of force also shrink together and collapse within the conductor. As the current reverses and increases to a negative maximum, the lines of force again expand, but this time act in the opposite direction. With the current again decreasing to zero, the lines of force again collapse.

An alternating current is thus surrounded with a variable or pulsating magnetic field. Such a magnetic field, we will learn in the next chapter, plays an im-

N CHAPTER one we learned about the | tant law which combines these three fac- | through a wire or any other conductor, | portant part in the operation of all Radio transmitting and receiving apparatus. In fact, the entire art of Radio is based partly upon the possibility of establishing such variable magnetic fields.

The Third Chapter With this chapter we have practically completed our study of the electrical fundamentals of Radio, and are now ready for the third chapter in which will be taken up the subject of oscillating cir-cuits. Oscillating circuits and the high frequency currents established in them form the real essence of all Radio opera-The third chapter is, therefore, a most important one; and no one who desires to learn all about Radio can afford to miss that chapter.

Lightning Arrester
The construction of a lightning arrester shown in the illustration uses the brass ends of shot gun shells for making the



A short tube is used between the shell ends. The base is made of bakelite or porcelain.-George M. Swallow, Davenport, Iowa.

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Panel Shield Prevents Body Capacity

Grounding Shafts Aids in Eliminating Capacity

Finding that I still had considerable trouble from body capacity in the operation of a Copp circuit receiving set, even after the panel had been carefully shielded,

WORKSHOP KINKS? EARN A DOLLAR—

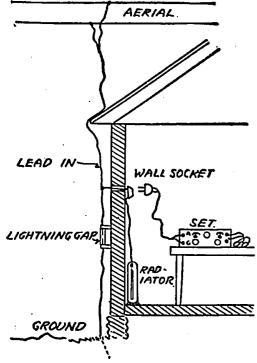
THERE are many little kinks worked out at home that would aid your fellow Radio worker if he only knew about them. There are new hook-ups, new ways of making parts and various unique ways of operating sets at are discovered every day. RADIO DIGEST is very much interested in securing such material. Send them in with full details, including stamped envelope so rejected copy may be returned. The work must be entirely original, not copied.

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I investigated for the trouble, found it and got rid of it in the following manner:
The body capacity appeared to come from the arrangement of shafts for the movable sections of both the aerial condenser and the variocoupler which carried it to the front of the panel and outside of the protection of the grounded shield. The trouble was overcome by changing the connections to both the condenser and the variocoupler. The sketch is self-explanatory.—E. H. Rankin, Lakewood, O.

Plugging in the Aerial

Where the aerial lead-in enters the house I fastened an ordinary electric light socket with screws to the wall and connected the lead-in to one of the two screws in the socket. To the other screw is con-

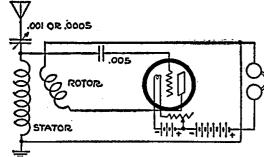


nected to the inside ground wire. A small piece of ordinary drop light cord is attached to the aerial and ground binding posts. The other end has a regular light sert the plug.-William Graham, Chicago,

Long Distance Receiver

The articles required for this set are one variometer, one 23 or 43-plate variable condenser, phones, batteries, detector tube, socket, rheostat and grid condenser.

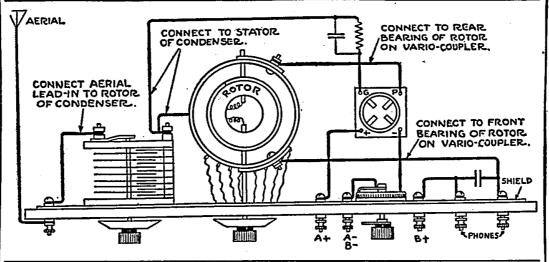
The variometer is split, or, in other words, where one end of the stator is connected to the rotor metal plate, this lead



is taken off and the rotor is used as the plate inductance and the stator ends are connected, one side in the grid and the

other side in the ground.
Using about 28 volts on the plate and with an aerial about 60 feet long, seven feet high at one end and 20 feet high at the other, the following stations have been heard on one tube: WHAS, PWX, WHB, tuning,

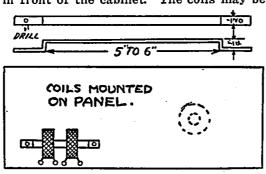
COPP CIRCUIT RECEIVING SET



WDAP, WFAF, WOC, CKAC, WWG, KYW, WBAP and WFAA. If the amateur has difficulty in getting this set to operate, he should reverse the A battery, or if he has a rather large aerial he may get better results by using the tap where the two halves of the rotor are joined.—Samuel Wells, Atlantic City, N. Y.

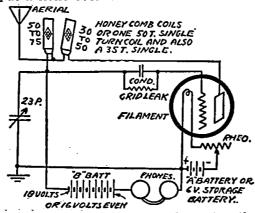
Mounting for Honeycomb Coils

Homemade coils are difficult to mount and are a nuisance if placed on the table in front of the cabinet. The coils may be



held in an upright position with a strip of tin which is from 5 to 6 inches long and about ½ inch wide and bent as shown in the illustration. After shaping the strip, mount it in a convenient place on the cabinet panel. If two coils are used, four binding posts are necessary, two of which are mounted just below each coil, then enough wire is taken off the coil so that it will reach to the binding posts and still have enough wire to let the coil move back and forth on the tin bracket to cause regeneration.

The other binding posts are put on the panel in the same way, except that it is put a little over and under the other coil,



then by moving the coils closer together plug attached. When ready for use I in-sert the plug.—William Graham, Chicago, providing they are connected right. If three coils are used and one is to be stationary, the stationary coil wires may be drawn through the panel and pulled up firm to it so that it will rest easy against the panel and connect it. The other two coils are put on as shown in the illustration, except that one coil will be on each side of the stationary coil.

If regeneration is desired from a two coil hook-up the diagram gives one that received up to 200 miles distinctly. This hook-up I am using with great success. Kenneth Voeck, Baraboo, Wis.

Homemade Multiple Headset

Usually when a receiving set is working good there are more persons wantto listen in than there are headsets. If there is one headset at hand a multiple hearing device can be made from a good, sound cigar box. Procure some rubber tubing, 3 or 4 feet for each person. and drill holes in the sides of the box for the tubing to fit in snugly. Tune in as loud as possible and detach the receivers from the headset and place them in the box. Each member of the party listens in through a rubber tube with its end placed in the ear .- Glenn E. Ganfin, Escanabá, Mich.

In buying or building a receiver, select a design capable of rendering selective

Signal Light on Loud Speaker

A friend of mine arranged a handy attachment for my loud speaker, which, after my first carelessness in leaving my battery connection on, has saved me much trouble and expense in recharging the battery. He attached a small automobile lamp and socket on the base of the loud speaker by spreading the twisted wires sufficiently to slip them over the socket. The wires were held together on each side of the socket with tape. The ends of the wires were connected to the back of the loud speaker. When connections are made



with the loud speaker the small light is a constant reminder that the current is on, and I never forget now to disconnect the battery circuit when I am through using the instrument.-J. Howard Howe, Lewiston, Idaho.

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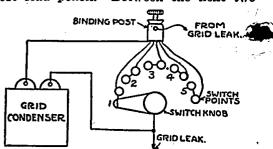
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Ten Variations in Grid Leak Increase Signals

Procure ten switch points, one switch knob, one grid condenser and one binding post. Fasten the switch on the panel. In the track of the switch place the switch points spaced equally about onehalf inch apart, then between the first two points, draw a light line with a soft lead pencil. Between the next two

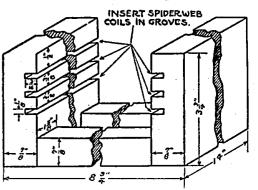


draw a heavier line and so on, drawing heavier lines until you have made five grid leaks, then make the hook-up as shown in the diagram.

Place the switch spring on the point No. 1. If the signals are heard, but not loud enough, turn to the next two, and so on until the signals are heard the best.— M. Hindert, Peoria, Ill.

Mount for Spider Web Coils

The illustration shows a tray-like support for holding spider web coils. It is made of wood to the dimensions given,



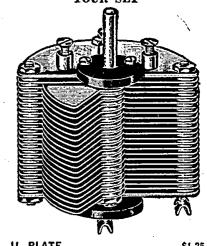
although any width may be used suitable to the diameter of the coils. The coils slide in the grooves. Binding posts may be placed on either side.—Irving A. Brown, Anthony, R. I.

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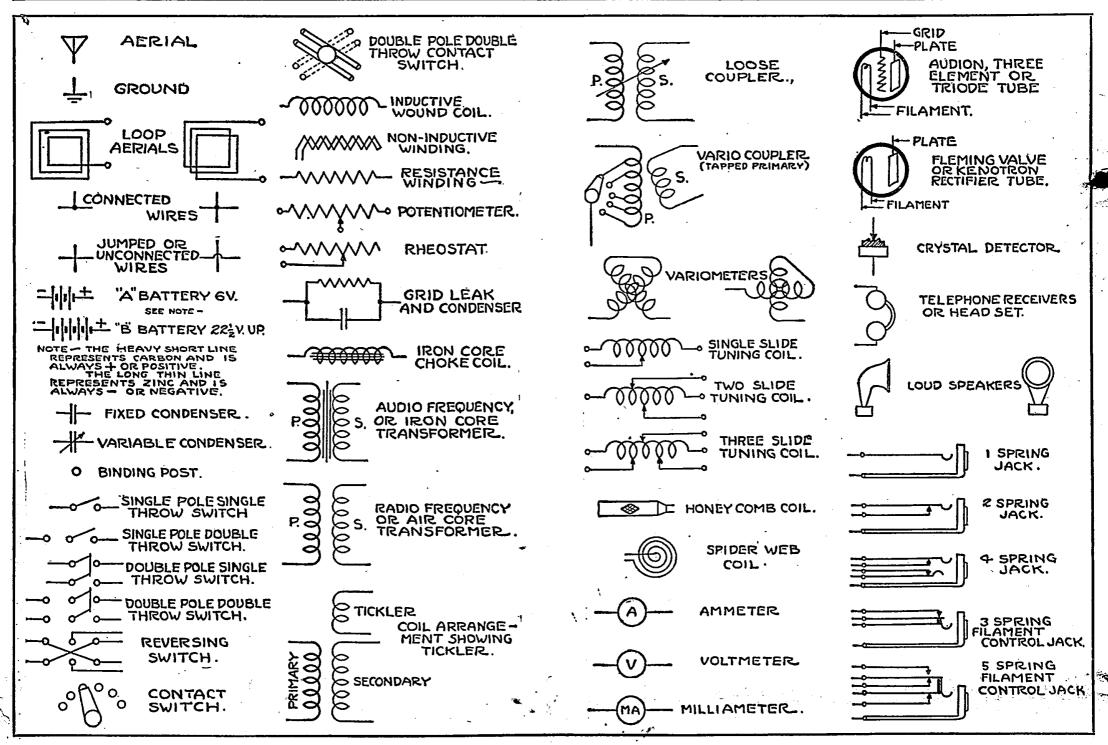
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RADIO DIGEST STANDARD CONVENTIONS



The Reader's View

A Plea for Grand Opera from the Metropolitan

Let me add a word to the plea for broadcasting Grand Opera from the Met-ropolitan Opera Co. All who have had the privilege of listening in on the operas as given by the Chicago Civic Opera Co. will agree that Station KYW, with the co-operation of the opera company, is doing a great work in the line of educating the public in the best in music, and thereby is rendering a service to this age and the rising generation. We are sure that the Metropolitan Opera Co. can be no less humanitarian in its outlook on the musical world. But we know there are many, as we, who can not rely on getting Chicago, but in the South and East, here, can often without interference get New York. The two sets, which we use interchangeably, with a two-step audio amplifier, will not out otner torily enough to get good results with Chi-

I know this is the case with others. We are all working to have better sets. Those who can afford to buy the more expensive sets are doing so, and getting distance, or the boys at home, as in my case, are building more improved sets. We want the best in Radio sets. Likewise, there is no question in my mind that there is a vast Radio audience that wants Grand Opera, and those who do not will learn to want it. The more the Radiophans learn about Radio, the better sets they want, so with the listeners in regard to programs

Take the movies. Time was, not so long ago, when slap-stick comedy and a piano player would do. Now we want good plots, finished actors, and a symphony orchestra. We don't have to wait to grow up to the best in music. If the best is made available the growing generation will take hold of it, is my opinion. The talking machine and player piano have done wonders to make us, as a nation, more musically inclined, but it remains for Radio to guide and shape our tastes. The great majority, of necessity, choose the records from the 10-cent stores. But the Radio selections are, to use an old, old expression, "free as or twenty feet of ordinary annunciator air," and if the producing companies will wire out of the window and not touching only co-operate with the managers of the ground. In either of these methods broadcasting stations, so they may send of receiving I have been able to receive up

ble little crystal will "glow" with the reflected beauty of the tones it brings in.

To illustrate: In the last several weeks, here in Virginia, my son of fourteen years has learned to distinguish Grand Opera. We turned in, by chance, New York the night of the broadcasting of "Aïda," which of course I recognized and thoroughly enjoyed. So last Friday, when my son caught the last act of "Il Trovatore" at Chicago, he breathlessly called, "I have Grand Opera for you." He also stopped his experimental tuning, lately, to listen to the fine Shakespearean reader who re-cently gave "As You Like It," because he had been making a book report on that very play at high school. Then Saturday night, a week ago, we heard the wonderful Symphony Orchestra from New York, and I find Radio is the way to study and teach the symphonic form. Then the harpist, whom we heard from Atlanta last Saturday, gave us clearly the tone qualities of the harp in all their beauty.

What makes the Italians such a musical people is, not only their ability to execute but the wonderful opportunity of the masses to hear the operas. Think of the impetus to the hearing of opera on the stage this listening in will give! Why do the young people love jazz? Because they know it. But let them constantly hear the best, and they will no more go back to it than the Radiophans will discard their amplifying devices or their improved hook-ups. I know, for I am one who from babyhood not only studied but constantly heard the better forms of

Who would stop the avenues, which Radio is opening up, for the onward progress of a better appreciation and a truer valuation of the best music? Let's have Grand Opera from the Metropolitan!--Harriet Reynolds Marchant, Petersburg,

Likes Flewelling Set

It may interest you to know that I built a Flewelling super-regenerative circuit as given in RADIO DIGEST in the December 2 number and I have been getting some remarkable results. I am using the set without any real antenna. For receiving purposes I attach a wire to the heating system of the house or simply drop fifteen out the best productions, then the tube to a distance of one thousand miles. It will not need to usher in the familiar "clack clickety, clack," and even the hum-real antenna.

Now comes the strangest thing of all. With this set and without any receiving wire of any kind I can pick up stations as far away as Pittsburgh and bring the voices and music loud and clear. pick up Pittsburgh in this manner almost at will. I have demonstrated this fact to several people who have been skeptical and I have done it with the set inside of a brick building in the heart of Asheville, N. C., among all of the trolley and lighting wires. If you can devote the space in your paper I wish you would give the theory of the reception in this instance. The set itself is picking up the signals and regenerating them of course, but just what part of it is probably doing it?

A good many of the Radiophans here are interested in this and so far as I know I am the only person in this part of the state who has been experimenting with the Flewelling circuit, although several have tried out the Armstrong circuit. Here I wish to congratulate you upon the good paper which you put out and in my humble estimation it is the very best published for those wishing to keep up with the latest in Radio and to experiment with circuits. Your diagrams are the most explicit for the novice that can be found anywhere. This is my first attempt at building or using a receiving set and I am very proud of the fact that by using your diagram and directions I was able to put this set up and it worked from the very begin-

In final explanation I wish to state that my set is mounted on a beaver board panel with dimensions of about 10 by 14 inches. The connecting wires are rather longer than ordinarily used and this may have somethig to do with such long-distance reception without receiving connections. Please note that Pittsburgh is about 275 miles from here. Thanking you and assuring you that I enjoy your paper each week, I beg to remain.—Dr. F. C. Locke, Oteen, N. C.

Condensers Vary

Mechanical motion of the dial of the condenser of a receiving set is not necessarily an indication of the sharpness of tuning. Moving a dial on one set a single degree may lose a particular signal, while it may take ten degrees of another set to tune out the same signal. However, ten degrees on the second condenser may correspond to the same change in capacity which is made in one degree on the first condenser, if there are fewer plates or if the latter are more widely separated.

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Questions and Answers

Wants to Add Amplification

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have a set containing a 43-plate variable condenser, variocoupler, grid leak and grid condenser, rheostat, detector tube, socket, 22½-volt battery, 6-volt storage battery, and a pair of 2,000 ohm phones. What other parts would it take to add one stage of amplification?

Does it take a 45-volt B battery or a 22½-volt B battery for an amplifier? Can you use one A battery for two tubes?

Is there any way by which you can use a transformer on a 110-volt electric light so as to take the place of a storage bat-

A.-Your detector set is complete as now is. For one step of amplification add socket, rheostat, 45-volt B battery, amplifying tube and amplifying transformer.

Best results will be secured with either a 45-volt B battery or two 22½-volt batteries. The A battery may be used for two or more tubes.

We do not believe that 110-volt transformer designed by the Bureau of Standards for elimination of the A battery is on the market as yet. Any six-volt output transformer will serve, although we do not recommend it as a practical

Page fourteen of September 2nd issue will afford you diagram of one stage am-

Variocoupler Suggested

(1193) PMC, Ft. Stockton, Texas.

I have been reading your paper from the start and have gotten lots of information from your question and answer page. I am going to ask that you answer some questions for me.

I have a detector and two-stage audio frequency amplifier which I assembled. I am sending you the hook-up I use. My aerial is a three-wire inverted L, seventy-five feet long with a twenty-five foot leadin and twenty-five foot ground lead. One end of my aerial is seventy feet high; the other, twenty. I have brought in Stations WHB, WDAF, KFAF, KUY, and a number nearer, but I have considerable trouble in tuning them in. I am using a homemade loose coupler with tapped primary and secondary for tuning.

Would a variocoupler work better with this set? Am I receiving as far as I should with this set under favorable conditions? Should a potentiometer across the A battery weaken the signal? If not, why is it that I find this the case with mine? Why is it that I can sometimes hear the whistle of a station clear but can't tune the voice in? If I should add one stage of Radio amplification to my set, would it increase the signal strength?

I would appreciate any change in the hook-up you might offer to improve the

tuning.

A.—We are gratified to answer your in-

quiries briefly as follows:

We suggest the use of a variocoupler with variometer for tuning and one in plate circuit for regeneration. Radio frequency amplification will increase your range slightly and also the signal strength. For this addition of Radio frequency to your circuit, see page fifteen of August 19th and page fourteen of September 16th issues of RADIO DIGEST.

Your receiving records are good. However, your potentiometer should not function as you describe. Increase the detector plate voltage slightly. This will doubt-less remedy the unfavorable condition.

Don't Put in Acid!

(1253) AM, Spiro, Okla.

Could the battery be used while it was being charged?

A .- Never put acid in a battery unless you have the experience and skill of a practical battery man and then not more often than at six month intervals. This is very important to the protection of your battery and should be carefully observed.

Using the battery while being charged is not advisable on account of the hum that occurs while charging.

Condenser Construction

(1247) EJF. Vincennes. Ind.

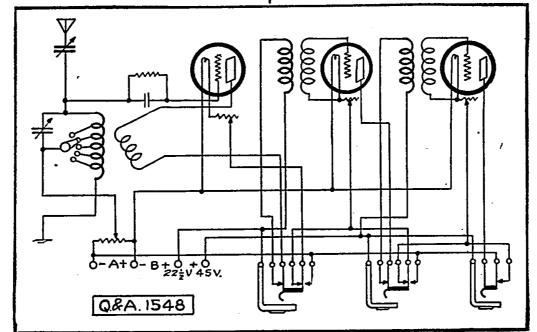
For my benefit and others, please say if it is a good custom to have condensers consolidated. I have in mind making lead foil and manila or waxed paper condensers to nearly their minimum capacity and then cut in parallel with each set of plates, a 5, 11, or 13-plate rotary condenser with them, the idea being to lay all the foil sheets in one shallow container leading out the necessary taps for 4 auxiliary condensers, and sealing up the lead sheet container permanently. Will one interfere with the others in such close proximity?

A .- There will be no interference between condensers in close proximity in the method you describe. Consolidation of condensers in this manner is practical and-convenient.

Circuit for Out-of-Town Stations (1548) EJH, Chicago, Ill.

I am having di%culty in getting my set

hooked up so as to get out-of-town sta-



me sketch connecting the apparatus of my set as you think it ought to be connected. I have one variocoupler, one 43plate variable condenser, one 23-plate variable condenser, one deterctor tube, two amplifier tubes, rheostats for each tube, two audio transformers, one potentiometer, three jacks and one plug for

Please lay particular stress on connecting the potentiometer so as to bring the best results.

A.—Q. & A.1548 diagram shows one type of circuit that you can employ with your apparatus, and which should bring in outof-town stations.

Windings; Leak Resistance (1246) MV, Portland, Ore.

1. The primary and secondary of my variocoupler and grid variometer are wired with No. 24 wire and plate vari-ometer with No. 21 wire. Should I have used No. 21 wire throughout or a larger sized wire and if so would results justify my rewiring the set?

2. When a grid leak has too heavy a pencil mark or too light a pencil mark what effect has it on the working of a set, and how can I tell when it has just the right resistance?

A.-1. Wire used in construction of your apparatus is all right and there would be no advantage in making suggested rewiring.

2. The best way to determine resistance of grid leak and proper adjustment to that end is to make a heavy pencil mark and keep erasing until you sense the verge of howling. When too little resistance obtains, a howl or whistle is noticeable; when too much, a decrease in signal strength results.

Loop Aerial in Series

(1258) ANF, Paterson, N. J. I am employing hook-up which you published in your issue of Saturday, August 12th, 1922, page 15, of 1 stage Radio and 2 stage audio frequency with a 43-foot outdoor aerial. I am getting good re-sults but would like to get better if pos-sible by increasing my wave length in-

ductance with a loop aerial. How often would I have to put acid in a storage battery? I am using a of variable condensers to use in their respective places?

A .- Place loop aerial in series with set and antenna with a forty-three plate variable condenser across it. However, we do not believe that this will materially assist you and would rather advise to increase the length of your outdoor antenna to one hundred and fifty feet.

Page fourteen of September 16th issue of RADIO DIGEST affords a rather comprehensive article on loop aerials, which will be helpful in employing them.

Allen's Circuit Layout

(1238) FXB, Weehawken, N. J.

I am particularly interested in the circuit submitted by A. J. Allen, page 4, Vol. 2, No. 11. Will be very thankful to know how he constructed the set, or the position of various inductances.

A.—The only communication we had from Mr. Allen, (3807 Graceland Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.) was that given in the

article you read.

I don't think the arrangement would be very important, except first, that your grid leads (lead to grid variometer—to leak and condenser-to grid) should be as short as possible, and second, that the three variometers and their leads should be separated enough so as to avoid back coupling through induction. If the latter is impossible, shield the variometers with ungrounded but commonly connected

tions, and would appreciate your sending or ten sets in this neighborhood, also a number in nearby towns having the same trouble.

A.—It would be difficult to arrive at a condenser here.

For one whole week we failed to get anything on our outfit. There are eight for each of the nature of the phenomena you are experiencing. Off hand, the solution might be in suspended broadcasting of stations you are accurate. bulletin of broadcasting stations and the hours of operation by which you might be able to determine if this might explain your period of silence. However, the cause may lie in the geological terrain.

Trees Near Aerial

(1226) JH, Sylvan Beach, N. Y.

1. My aerial is 150 feet long, with leadin, and 35 feet high and entirely surrounded by trees, some only a few inches from the wire. Have heard stations 800 miles distant with this arrangement. Would raising the aerial above the trees increase the range of the set?

2. What would be the advantage of shunting a variable condenser across the primary of the first step amplifying transformer? What capacity should it be?

A.—1. It is granted that the higher the aerial, the better. Your present results are certainly satisfactory and would not suggest the necessity of any change. Proximity of trees is not objectionable provided they do not touch antenna at any

2. There would be no advantage derived from shunting a variable condenser across the primary as suggested. If your circuit is regenerative, use a .001 mfd. fixed

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